CATALOGUE

OF

Autograph Letters & Historical Documents,

THE PROPERTY OF

GEORGE EDWARD MONCKTON, ESQ., M.A.

Fineshade Abbey, Stamford, Northants,

CONSISTING OF

THE OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF COLONEL (AFTERWARDS LIEUTENANT-GENERAL) ROBERT MONCKTON,
DURING HIS SERVICE IN NORTH AMERICA, 1752-1763,

AND INCLUDING

THIRTY-THREE AUTOGRAPH LETTERS ADDRESSED TO HIM BY HIS ILLUSTRIOUS COMMANDER MAJOR-GENERAL JAMES WOLFE, JANUARY-SEPTEMBER, 1759;

GEORGE III'S SECRET INSTRUCTIONS TO WOLFE, FEB. 5, 1759; WOLFE'S DRAFT ARTICLES OF CAPITULATION FOR QUEBEC, AND SCHEME FOR EXCLUDING THE FRENCH FROM NORTH AMERICA;

Upwards of Eighty Letters from General Amherst to Monckton; A Journal of the Siege of Louisbourg; Monckton's Letter Book and Orderly Books; Instructions and Letters to Monckton from Col. Laurence, Governor of Nova Scotia, including the Orders for the Deportation of the French Acadians which Longfellow immortalized in Evangeline; Orders and Letters of the Marquis de Vaudreuil, Governor of Canada, etc.;

ALSO

The Famous Pictures by Benjamin West, P.R.A.

OF THE DEATH OF WOLFE AND THE BATTLE OF LA HOGUE; WITH OTHER PICTURES BY HIM OF THE ATTACK ON QUEBEC AND THE CAPTURE OF MARTINIQUE.

WHICH WILL BE SOLD BY AUCTION

BY MESSRS.

SOTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE,

(SIR MONTAGUE BARLOW, K.B.E., LL.D., M.P. G. D. HOBSON, M.A. & MAJOR F. W. WARRE, O.B.E., M.C.)

Auctioneers of Literary Property & Works illustrative of the Fine Arts,

AT THEIR LARGE GALLERIES, 34 & 35, NEW BOND STREET, W.(1)

On THURSDAY, the 10th day of FEBRUARY, 1921,

AT ONE O'CLOCK PRECISELY.

MAY BE VIEWED TWO DAYS PRIOR. CATALOGUES MAY BE HAD.

Dryden Press: J. Davy & Sons, 8-9, Frith-street, Soho-square, W. 1.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

I. The highest bidder to be the buyer; and if any dispute arise between bidders, the lot so disputed shall be immediately put up again, provided the auctioneer cannot decide the said dispute.

II. No person to advance less than 1*s.*; above five pounds 2*s.* 6*d.*, and so on in proportion.

III. In the case of lots upon which there is a reserve, the auctioneer shall have the right to bid on behalf of the seller.

IV. The purchasers to give in their names and places of abode, and to pay down 10*s.* in the pound, if required, in part payment of the purchase-money; in default of which the lot or lots purchased will be immediately put up again and re-sold.

V. The sale of any lot is not to be set aside on account of any error in the enumeration of the numbers stated, or errors of description.

VI. The lots to be taken away, at the buyer's expense, immediately after the conclusion of the sale; in default of which Messrs. SOTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE will not hold themselves responsible if lost, stolen, damaged, or otherwise destroyed, but they will be left at the sole risk of the purchaser. If, at the expiration of Two Days after the conclusion of the sale, the lots are not cleared or paid for, they will then be catalogued for immediate sale, and the expense, the same as if re-sold, will be added to the amount at which they were bought. Messrs. SOTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE will have the option of re-selling the lots uncleared, either by public or private sale, without any notice being given to the defaulter.

VII. Upon failure of complying with the above conditions, the money required and deposited in part of payment shall be forfeited, *and if any loss is sustained in the re-selling of such lots as are not cleared or paid for, all charges on such re-sale shall be made good by the defaulters at this sale.*

Gentlemen who cannot attend this Sale may have their Commissions faithfully executed by their humble Servants,

SOTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE,
34 & 35, *New Bond Street, London, W.* (1)

Telegraphic Address:
"Abinitio, Phone, London."

Telephone: (2 *lines*)
Mayfair 1784, 1785.

In sending Commissions this Catalogue may be referred to as "FLORA."

COMMISSIONS SENT BY TELEPHONE ARE ACCEPTED ONLY AT THE SENDER'S RISK, AND MUST BE CONFIRMED BY LETTER OR TELEGRAM.

PREFACE.

THE Honble. Robert Monckton, from whom this collection descended, was born in 1726, and received his first commission in 1742; he served in Flanders and the Netherlands in that year and in 1745. He was promoted Captain in 1744, Major in 1747, and Lieut.-Col. in 1751. In 1752 he was sent to Nova Scotia and in 1754 appointed Lieut. Governor of that Colony. He successfully commanded the expedition against the French forts at Beausejour and Gaspareau in 1755, and served as second-in-command of Wolfe's expedition against Quebec in 1759, where he was wounded in the battle on the Heights of Abraham. In 1761 he was appointed Governor of New York and proceeded thence to the West Indies in command of the land force which successfully operated against Martinique and other of the French Islands. He returned to New York in 1762 and to England in the following year. He subsequently became Governor of Berwick-on-Tweed, 1765, and of Portsmouth in 1778, which post he retained until his death in 1782.

The following papers cover the period of his service in North America and the West Indies. Taken as a whole, they form a very valuable collection of letters and official documents, which, in addition to their interest from the view of the collector, must throw fresh light on some of the more important events of a very critical period of North American history.

The splendid series of letters from General James Wolfe, to his Second-in-Command, are of unique interest, and probably form the finest collection of his letters which has ever appeared in the auction room.

SOTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE.

December, 1920.

LOT Nº 2.

CATALOGUE

OF

Autograph Letters & Historical Documents

WITH A FEW

ENGRAVINGS & OIL PAINTINGS,

THE PROPERTY OF

GEORGE EDWARD MONCKTON, ESQ., M.A.

Fineshade Abbey, Stamford, Northants.

ENGRAVINGS AND OIL PAINTINGS.

BY J. MCARDELL, AFTER T. HUDSON.

LOT

1 Major-General The Hon. Robert Monckton

BENJAMIN WEST, P.R.A., 1738-1820.

2 THE DEATH OF GENERAL WOLFE *Canvas*, 64 *in.* *by* 96 *in.*
Signed and dated B. West, 1776; *Retouched* 1806
With the engraving by W. Woollett (2)

Exhibited at the Winter Exhibition of the Royal Academy, 1888.

[*See* FRONTISPIECE].

BENJAMIN WEST, P.R.A., 1738-1820.

50

3 THE BATTLE AT LA HOGUE *Canvas*, 64 *in. by* 96 *in.* Sutton.

Signed B. West, R.A., 1778; *Retouched* 1806.

With the engraving by W. Woollett (2)

Exhibited at the Winter Exhibition of the Royal Academy, 1888.

BENJAMIN WEST, P.R.A., 1738-1820.

50

4 THE STORMING OF QUEBEC, 1759; view from a height looking along the St. Lawrence, upon which are men-of-war and numerous lighters landing troops, who are swarming up the heights on the left *Canvas*, $11\frac{3}{4}$ *in. by* 18 *in.* Spencer.

ATTRIBUTED TO BENJAMIN WEST, P.R.A., 1738-1820.

100

5 Four Pictures representing the Island of Martinique, with various incidents connected with its capture by the British under General Robert Monckton, 1762 Parker.

Canvas, one pair 24 *in. by* 39 *in., the other* $23\frac{1}{2}$ *in. by* $35\frac{1}{2}$ *in.* (4)

Autograph Letters and Historical Documents.

THE MONCKTON PAPERS,

BEING

THE OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF COLONEL (AFTERWARDS LIEUTENANT-GENERAL) ROBERT MONCKTON, 1726-1782,

DURING HIS SERVICE IN NORTH AMERICA, 1752-1763.

The whole of the Papers (Lots 6 to 180) will first be offered as One Lot; but if the reserve price be not realized each Lot will immediately be sold separately as catalogued.

Sold as one lot £5,050 (Quaritch)

6 SPECIAL PASS signed and sealed by Louis XV of France to permit a French officer to pass through the lines, *Versailles, June*, 1756 [? American Campaign], *with two photographs of the same* *folio*

6A Address of Welcome to the Hon. Robert Monckton, from the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the City of New York, on his appointment as Governor-in-Chief of that Province, dated *New York, October* 31, 1761, and signed by Joannes Ritzema, V.D.M. pro tempore Præs.—Address of Congratulation from the same body on his return from the expedition against Martinico [*New York*, 1762], signed by Lambertus De Ronde, *with seal* *folio.* (2)

6B Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the Corporation of the City of New York, to the Hon. Robert Monckton, congratulating him upon his accession to the Governorship of that Province [*New York*], *October* 31, 1761; with thirteen signatures including John G. Lansing, Nich. Roosevelt, C. Roosevelt, Peter Cloppen, Peter Mesier, and John Lawrence, *and four photographs of the same.*—Address of the Council of the Province of New

LOT 6B—*continued.*

York, congratulating him upon his return from the expedition against Martinico, *New York, November* 18, 1762, signed by Daniel Horsmanden, *Speaker* *folio.* (2)

6C Address of the Governors of the College of New York in America to the Hon. Robert Monckton, congratulating him upon his conquest of Martinique and return to New York [*New York*], 17*th August*, 1762, *with the seal of the College in the top left corner*, 2 *pages, folio, and two photographs of the same*

*** After offering the usual laudatory expressions of congratulation, the Governors seized the opportunity of drawing his Excellency's attention to the infant college and humbly craved for it his favour and protection.

6D Addresses of Congratulation to the Hon. Robert Monckton, from the Ministers and Elders of the Protestant Reformed French Church, the Swiss Reformed German Church, the Church of the United Brethren in the City of New York, the inhabitants of New York in Communion with the Church of England, and the Presbyterian Church in New York [*New York*], 1761, *with* 15 *signatures of their Pastors and Elders* *folio.* (5)

6E Address of the Grand Jury of the City and County of New York to His Excellency Major General Monckton, congratulating him upon his appointment to the Governorship of that State [*New York, October*, 1761], with twenty signatures, including those of James Livingston, Nath. Marston, John Lawrence, Isaac Roosevelt, Nath. Hazard, William Bancker, John Brevort, and Geo. D. Ludlow, *with photograph of the same*

7 The Address of the Minister, Elders and Deacons of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the City of Albany to the Hon. Robert Monckton, congratulating him upon his appointment to the Governorship of the Province and upon his success at Martinico, *Albany*, 9*th July*, 1762, 3 *pages, folio*, with eight signatures, including those of Eilardus Westerlo, Jn De Peyster, Barent Ten Eyck and Abraham Ten Broeck, *with a photograph of the signatures*

8 The Address of the Judges, Attorney General, Counsel at Law, and other officers of the Supreme Court of Judicature of New York to the Hon. Robert Monckton, congratulating him upon his appointment to the Governorship of the Province, and expressing their concern at the prospect of his departure upon the expedition against Martinique [*New York*, 1761], 3 *pages, folio*, with sixteen signatures, including those of Daniel Horsmanden, William Smith, John Burnet, William Livingston, Richard Morris, James Duane, Benjamin Kissam, and August van Cortlandt, *with a photograph of the signatures*

Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2022 with funding from
The Metropolitan Museum of Art

https://archive.org/details/catalogueofautog00soth_0

To His Excellency Robert Monckton Esq.r Governor & Commander in Chief of the Province of New York and Territories thereto belonging, and Major General of His Majesty's Forces.

The Unanimous Address of the Merchants and Traders of the City of New York

May it please Your Excellency

We His Majesty's most loyal Subjects the Merchants & Traders of the City of New York, beg leave to express our Congratulations to your Excellency on your safe arrival in this Province, from a dangerous Climate and a hazardous Campaign.

The Conquest of Martinico and its dependencies, which has through Divine Providence been Atchieved under your Command, cannot but reflect the greatest Honor on your Excellency, place your Character in the highest Military light, and render you the Darling of a grateful People

To the best of Sovereigns we owe the obligation of your Excellency's presiding over us, and from a knowledge of his good Qualities, we have reason to expect that his Power has been delegated, where his Virtues were conspicuous, so that we have the strongest Hope, that under your Government, we shall enjoy every Blessing of a Free People

We Confide in your Excellency's Protection of the Trade of this Province, & beg leave to assure you, that we will respectively contribute as much as possible to the observance of the Laws, and to the alleviating the fatigue and Burden of Government.

That your Excellency's Administration over us may be long and happy is the ardent Prayer of

May it please your Excellency

Your Excellency's most Obedient Humble Servants

Leonard Lispenard
P. V. B. Livingston
Isaac Low
Wm Walton Jun.d
Tho.s White
Wm Dunn
Sam.l Bayard
G G Beekman
Chas Williams
Jno Rams Bayard
Nich.s Bayard
Wm Bayard
Gab.l Ludlow
Sheffield Howard
Jam.s Alexander
Dan.l Kelly
Bev: Robinson
Marshall Cunningham
Elias Desbrosses
Jn.o Livingston
Robert G Livingston
Henry White
David Clarkson
James M Evers
Tim Cosine
Chas. Livingston
Jos: Reade
Jacob Franks
Jas. Mackey
Geo: Talbot
James Parker
Jno.s Lewis
John Tell
Lawrence Kortright
Tho.s Hazey
And.w Barclay
Chas. McEvers
John Cruger
Joseph Haynes
P. Jay Jun.r
H Lawrence
Walt.r Morton
Geo. Watson
Hugh Wallace
Jacob Walton
Samuel Stilwell
N Bowne
Edw.d Holland Jun.r
Edw.d Holland Isaac Sears
John Provoost
Theophilact Bache

9 The Unanimous Address of the Merchants and Traders of the City of New York to His Excellency Robert Monckton, congratulating him upon his safe return from the expedition against Martinique [*New York*, 1762], *folio*, with fifty-one signatures, including those of P. B. V. Livingston, G. G. Beekman, Nicholas Bayard, Elias Desbrosses, John Livingston, Philip Livingston, Lawrence Kortright, Andrew Barclay, Henry White, Henry Cuyler, N. Gouverneur, John Provoost, and Theophilack Bache, *with two photographs of the same*

[*See* Illustration].

10 The Address of the Rector and Inhabitants of the City of New York in Communion with the Church of England as by Law Established to Gen. Monckton, congratulating him upon the success at Martinico and his return to New York [*New York*, 1762], 1 *sheet, large folio*, with fifteen signatures, including those of Henry Barclay, *Rector*, Jos. Reade, John Chambers, Nath. Marston, and Rich. Nicholls, *Church Wardens, with a photograph of the same*

11 The Address of the Ministers, Elders, and Deacons of the Antient Lutheran Church in the City of New York to His Excellency Robert Monckton, congratulating him upon his appointment to the Governorship of the Province [*New York*, 1761], signed by John Albert Weygand, *Minister*, and George Patterson, *Elder*, *with photograph of same* *large folio*

12 The Humble Address of the General Assembly of the Colony of New York to His Excellency Robert Monckton, congratulating him upon his appointment to the Governorship of the Province and thanking him for his speech and his services to America, *New York, November* 18, 1762, signed by W. Nicholl, *Speaker*, 3 *pages, large folio*

13 The Humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of Albany to His Excellency Robert Monckton, congratulating him upon his appointment to the Governorship of the Province of New York, *Albany, June* 28, 1762, signed by the Mayor, Volck Du Douw, on behalf of the Corporation, 2 *pages, folio*.—Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York to Robert Monckton, welcoming him back to his Governorship upon his return from the expedition against Martinico [*New York*], *June* 15, 1762, signed by Aug^{t}. Van Cortlandt, *Clerk*, by order of the Common Council *folio.* (2)

14 Report of James Napier to Sir Jeffery Amherst regarding a site for a military hospital at New York, *New York, July* 7, 1762, 1 *page, folio*.—Congratulations and thanks for their services to the officers and men serving in North America, passed in a resolution of the

LOT 14—*continued.*

House of Commons and transmitted to the Commander-in-Chief by the Secretary of War, *New York, 9th June*, 1763, 3 *pages, folio* (*one printed*); and two others (4)

In obedience to your command I have examined all the different grounds round New York in order to find out a proper situation for a military hospital and I humbly give it as my opinion that the most proper place for that purpose is part of that ridge of hill which lies on the right of the road leading from the Bowling Green House to the Old Battery on the side of the North River. It is a healthy airy situation and as I am informed there are plenty of springs of good water where wells may be dug . . . Its vicinity to the North River will give it a very easie intercourse with Albany. . . It is far enough detached from the town to be of no inconveniency at any time to it, etc.

15 The Speech of His Excellency Robert Monckton, Captain General and Governor in Chief over the Province of New York, and the Territories depending thereon in America; to the Council and General Assembly of the said Province, Fort George, New York, 16th November, 1762 [*New York, Printed by William Weyman*, 1762], 2 *pages, folio, with blank leaf containing written endorsement attached.*—The Humble Address of the Council of the Province of New York to his Excellency Robert Monckton, New York, 18th November, 1762, signed Daniel Horsmanden, *Speaker*; with Monckton's reply below [*New York, Printed by William Weyman*, 1762], 2 *pages, folio, with blank leaf containing written endorsement attached* [BOTH PRINTED], EXTREMELY RARE

16 Peters (Richard) Two A. L. s. dated *Philadelphia, Aug.* 21, 1761, and *Easton*, 19*th June*, 1762, to Robert Monckton, relating to Indian affairs and congratulating him upon his West Indian successes, and enclosing a plan of Lakes Erie and Sandusky, 7 *pages*, 8*vo and sm.* 4*to*, *plan* 12 *in. by* 8 *in.* (3)

The copies of the Indian Conference at Easton contain a great heap of stuff that is of no consequence except what relates to the complaints they make against General Johnson w^{ch} perhaps, if they speak truth in what they say must be imputed to the orders given by the General in resentment for their leaving him on his march against Canada. Here am I with M^{r}. Chew attending S^{r} W^{m} Johnson, who has at last found leisure to hear Teedyuscung's complaints against the Prop^{rs} for forging deeds and cheating the Indians of their lands, etc.

17 Petition addressed to General Monckton by two French prisoners praying for their release, 1761, 4 *pages, folio.*—Return of the troops from Belle Isle under the command of Major-Gen. Rusane, *December* 23, 1761, *one sheet, folio*, signed by Gen. Rusane.—Return of men deserted from the detachment of New York troops on the 14th and 19th June, 1762, *one sheet, folio*; and two others (5)

18 Morris (Richard, *Judge of the Vice-Admiralty Court of New York*) A. L. s. *New York, Jan.* 28*th*, 1764, appealing to the Lords of the Admiralty against the offensive imputations contained in a letter addressed to him by Lord Colville, 2½ *pages*, 4*to*

19 Financial Statements between the Hon. General Monckton and John Watts, C. De Lancey, Edward Pollard, Alex. Colden, Cadwallader Colden, and Oliver Delancey, all dated *New York*, 1762-66, *with signatures.*—Watts (John) A. L. s. relating to financial matters and announcing the arrival of the news of the declaration of war against Spain, *New York*, *April* 2, 1762, 1 *page*, 4*to* (13)

20 Illuminated Charter of the Freedom of the City of Edinburgh conferred upon the Hon. Lieut.-Gen. Monckton for services rendered to his King and Country, dated *July* 31, 1771, *signed and sealed*, *vellum.*—Documents in connection with the seizure by the Corporation of Berwick of certain meadow land the property of Lt.-Gen. Monckton as Governor of the town, 1776; and an Explanatory Plan of part of the garrison of Berwick [*c.* 1776], *a bundle and two photographs*

21 Duquesne (Marquis, *Governor of Canada*) Copy of a Letter to Peregrine Hopson, Governor of Nova Scotia, *Quebec*, *Sept.* 30, 1752, expressing satisfaction at the arrival of his Excellency, making proposals regarding deserters, and mentioning the fixing of the limits of the boundaries of the Colony of Acadia, 2 *pages*, *folio.* —List of deserters demanded by the French, *Nov.* 22, 1752.—Le Loutre (Abbé) Two A. L. s. dated *Beausejour*, *Sept.* 10 and *Nov.* 3, 1752, to Col. Monckton at Fort Lawrence, *sm.* 4*to* (4)

22 A Collection of Twelve signed Autograph Letters, written during the years 1752-3, from Monsieur De Vassan, Commandant of the French Fort at Beausejour, to Lieut.-Col. Monckton at Fort Lawrence in Chignectow, mostly appertaining to military matters, *sm.* 4*to.*—De La Martinière (Mons., *Successor to De Vassan at Beausejour*) A. L. s., dated *Fort de Beausejour*, *June* 22, 1753, 1 *page*, *sm.* 4*to*; and two others (15)

23 Stone (William, *Secretary to the Governor of Nova Scotia*) Three A. L. s., *Halifax*, *Oct.* 2, 1752, and *Feb.* 7, 1753, to Colonel Monckton, in relation to stores for the Garrison, the treaty with the Indians, etc., 7 *pages*, 4*to.*—Powell (*Captain* William) A. L. s., *Halifax*, *Sept.* 27, 1752, to Col. Monckton, transmitting the Governor's orders in respect to the rank of the officers of the Rangers, 1 *page*, 4*to* (4)

24 Instructions from his Excellency Peregrine Thomas Hopson, Governor of Nova Scotia, to Colonel Robert Monckton, commanding His Majesty's forces at Chignecto, *Halifax*, 17*th August*, 1752, $3\frac{1}{4}$ *pages*, *folio*, signed by the Governor, and having a long extra clause in his handwriting:

> You will maintain the Fort committed to your charge against any persons whatsoever that shall appear before it in Arms. . . . If the Indians should commit hostilities against any of his Majesty's subjects under your command you are to use your utmost endeavours for their protection, and to try to

LOT 24—*continued.*

chastise such Insolence. You will give free liberty to His Majesty's subjects trading to Chignecto. . . . You will take care no correspondence is held between His Majesty's subjects and the French, except what may be necessary for the Government Service. . . . If any of the French Inhabitants who have quitted their lands at Chignecto should shew any inclination to return to their allegiance, and should make application to you for that purpose, you must refer them to me, at the same time assuring them their persons shall be free from any danger or molestation, etc.

*** A HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND INTERESTING DOCUMENT.

25 Warrant issued by the Hon. Peregrine Thomas Hopson, Captain General and Governor in Chief of Nova Scotia or Acadie, to Lieut.-Col. Robert Monckton, dated the 15*th day of August*, 1752, impowering him to take command of His Majesty's troops at Chignecto, and the Fort there called Fort Lawrence; also appointing him President of such General Courts-Martial as he might deem it necessary to hold, 1 *page*, *folio*, *signed and sealed*

26 Hopson (Peregrine Thomas, *Governor of Nova Scotia*) Ls. s., *Halifax*, *Aug.* 24, *Sept.* 16, *Nov.* 8*th*, 1752, and *June* 22, 1753, to Lt.-Col. Monckton at Fort Lawrence, respecting the transportation of the St. John's Indians to Halifax, recalling him to Halifax to serve on a Court-Martial, expressing satisfaction at his conduct during his command, and other matters, 4*to and folio* (4)

27 Cotterell (William, *Secretary to the Governor of Nova Scotia*) A. L. s., dated *Secretary's Office* [*Halifax*], *Nov.* 8, 1752, to Lieut.-Col. Monckton, informing him that the Governor is sending him a copy of the Governor of Canada's letter regarding deserters, and that a Cartel would be delivered to him by the French officer at Beausejour, 2½ *pages*, *folio*; and another (2)

You will receive a letter of this day's date from his Excellency inclosing some printed copies of the Cartel as it will come to you thro' the hands of the French officer at Beau Sejour. You have likewise a copy of the Governor of Canada's letter to Col. Hopson, at present I send you the Article concerning the Cartel, which I have translated as follows. . . . It is to be imagined that this will surely put a stop to the attempts of Desertion, because they will be sure of being apprehended, etc.

28 Cotterell (William) A series of Seven A. L. s., written during the years 1752-3, to Lt.-Col. Monckton at Fort Lawrence, conveying instructions from Governor Hopson in reference to Stores, Indians, Fortifications, French Deserters, Conduct of Officers in writing on Public Affairs, Sale of Rum, his recall to Halifax, and various other matters, 17 *pages*, 4*to*; *an interesting collection* (7)

29 Instructions given by the Hon. Charles Lawrence, President of the Council and Commander-in-Chief of the Province of Nova Scotia or Acadie, to Lieut.-Col. Robert Monckton, to proceed to Lunenberg and take command there in consequence of an insurrection

LOT 29—*continued.*

of the Inhabitants, dated *Halifax, December 18th*, 1753, 2 *pages, folio, signed and sealed*, and having attached a certified copy of the Resolutions of the Council held at the Governor's house in *Halifax, December* 18, 1753, empowering Lieut.-Col. Monckton to use such measures as might seem proper to him to reduce the inhabitants to obedience, 8 *pages, folio*; also a Memorandum of Instructions for Lieut.-Col. Monckton, 1½ *pages, folio*, in Gov. Lawrence's handwriting **(3)**

*** Governor Lawrence, having received from Lieut.-Col. Sutherland, in command at Lunenberg, particulars of an armed outbreak of the inhabitants there, at once called a special meeting of the Council to consider the advisability of sending troops to suppress the rising. Lieut.-Col. Monckton immediately offered his services, and it being thought, in addition to his military ability, his civil authority, as a Member of the Council, might prove very useful in the circumstances, his offer was unanimously accepted. He was thereupon ordered to proceed to Lunenberg with 200 regular troops, and if upon his arrival he found the inhabitants disinclined to return to their allegiance he was to repel force by force, until such time as the rebels should be reduced to obedience.

30 Lawrence (*Col.* Charles, *Governor of Nova Scotia*) A. L. s., *Halifax, Decr.* 19, 1753, to the Honble. Col. Monckton, suggesting that upon his arrival at Lunenberg he should enquire closely into the conduct of certain officials, 2 *pages*, 4*to*

It has occurred to me strongly since you left us that some of the better sort, such as Rudolf, Statsbourg, Hoffmann, and others in that style, must needs be deep in this strange disturbance amongst the Inhabitants where you are going, and I am of opinion that nothing would contribute more towards putting an entire stop to it than sifting strictly into the conduct of those gentlemen . . . and you will suspend them from any further allowance from the Government till they explain themselves to your satisfaction, etc.

31 Lawrence (*Col.* Charles) A. L. s., *Halifax, Decr.* 30, 1753, to Colonel Monckton, at Lunenberg, congratulating him upon his successful suppression of the rebellion of the inhabitants of that town, and suggesting that firm measures be taken to punish the ringleaders, and so prevent future disturbances, 11 *pages, folio*

Dear Colonel,—I have been favoured with your letters of the 24th and 27th, and having communicated the contents to the Council, I am to congratulate you most sincerely, and to assure you that my most sanguine hopes at your departure were far short of what by your moderate management and most judicious measures you have so happily accomplished: that you should have brought about all your purposes (particularly the Article of disarming) without coming to extremities is equally pleasing and surprising to everybody here. . . . By this time I hope you will have made such further discoveries of those principally concerned as will be sufficient for prosecuting the offenders with effect, for tho' the merciful part is always the most agreeable in disturbances of this nature, yet it is seldom the most effectual. Some of the people you mention in your first letter have been ever the foremost to create uneasyness, Schafferburger and the Feschals more especially I am sure about, and whether there be matter sufficient for convicting them as Rebels, yet my opinion is they should be brought hither and tryed according as facts appear against them, etc.

*** A VERY LONG AND IMPORTANT LETTER.

32 Lawrence (*Col.* Charles) A. L. s., *Halifax*, *Jan.* 15, 1754, to Col. Monckton at Lunenberg, acquainting him with the arrival in custody of the rebel Hoffman and of his being committed to prison; also discrediting the rumour of Indian participation in the rebellion, 3 *pages*, 4*to*

Tho' I give no credit to the Report of 200 Indians, yet I do not doubt but the French will have emissarys to improve this Insurrection as much as possible to our disadvantage, which will be hint enough to Col. Sutherland to exert to the utmost, that vigilance and caution, for which he has most deservedly great reputation.

33 Instructions from the Hon. Col. Charles Lawrence, Governor of Nova Scotia, to Col. Monckton, dated *Halifax*, *November* 7, 1754, ordering him to proceed to Boston to consult with Governor Shirley regarding the raising of 2000 men with privacy and despatch to be employed in the spring of the following year against Fort Beausejour raised by the French contrary to Treaty on the Bason of Chignecto; as well as to remove them from any other encroachments they had made in the province of Nova Scotia, 5 *pages*, *folio*, signed by Governor Lawrence and having seal attached, *enclosed in a vellum wrapper.*—Additional Instructions, dated *Halifax*, *January* 29, 1755, with seal and signature of Governor Lawrence, 1 *page*, 4*to*, *and* $2\frac{1}{2}$ *pages*, *folio* (3)

*** In addition to the instructions to proceed to Boston to raise the necessary men, this most important document informed Colonel Monckton of the material required for the expedition and of his having unlimited credit, upon Messrs. Apthorp & Hancock of Boston, for the purchase of such material either in that city or in New York. It also instructed him to transport himself with his troops, artillery and baggage, as soon as possible after the beginning of March of the following year (1755) to Chignecto and there use every endeavour to capture the French Fort at Beausejour. If successful in that enterprise he was to send a detachment of troops to capture the Fort at Paspereau on Bay Verte. The Additional Instructions gave him further orders to proceed to St. John's River and to dislodge the French from any Forts or Settlements there and to burn or destroy such Forts or Settlements. Also the methods to be taken with the French Inhabitants and any of the New England Irregulars who might wish to settle in the Province, and instructions regarding the command should he himself become a casualty.

34 Instructions from the Hon. Col. Charles Lawrence, Governor of Nova Scotia, to Colonel Monckton, dated *Halifax*, *August* 11, 1755, in relation to the Transportation of the French Inhabitants of the Districts of Chignecto, etc., out of the Province of Nova Scotia, 10 *pages*, *folio*, with seal and signature of Governor Lawrence

*** In this historic document Governor Lawrence, acting under the orders of His Majesty's Council, ordered Colonel Monckton to transport the unfortunate French inhabitants of certain districts of Nova Scotia, and have them dispersed amongst the British Colonies of Pennsylvania, Georgia, and North and South Carolina. Under this arbitrary order all villages, and in fact everything which might give shelter or subsistence to the proscribed people was to

LOT 34—*continued.*

be destroyed, and the above document sets forth the reasons for so doing. It gives the names of the vessels and their Masters, in which the people were to be transported, the number to go in each ship, and its destination. Also the instructions to be given to the Masters of the vessels to prevent escapes, and the procedure to be observed by them upon delivering the deportees at their various destinations. The order was carried out with a sternness, and a disregard of all the rights of humanity, for which there was no justification or excuse, the victims enduring great hardships in their new homes where they were most unwelcome. Longfellow immortalized this incident of the expulsion of the French Acadians by making it the theme of his poem "Evangeline," but it is very doubtful if they were the peaceful simple-hearted people portrayed by him.

35 Lawrence (*Hon. Colonel* Charles) Leave of Absence from Nova Scotia, granted to Lieut. Col. Monckton for the space of six months, *Halifax, Nov. 15th,* 1754, 1 *page, folio, signed and sealed by Governor Lawrence.*—L. s. *Halifax, August 1st,* 1759, to Col. Monckton, authorizing him to receive the sum of eight thousand dollars for subsisting the troops under his command, 1 *page,* 4*to* (2)

36 Lawrence (*Hon. Col.* Charles) Warrant to Lieut. Col. Monckton empowering him to hold General Courts Martial during his command of the troops taking part in the expedition to the Bay of Fundy, and appointing him President of the same, *Halifax, May 1st,* 1755, SIGNED AND SEALED BY GOVERNOR LAWRENCE, *and countersigned by William Cotterell, Secretary,* 1 *page, folio*

37 Lawrence (*Hon. Col.* Charles) L. s., to Colonel Monckton at Fort Beausejour, *Halifax, July* 31, 1755, in relation to some queries made by Col. Monckton, the making of a road to Cobiquid, peace with the St. John's Indians, consequences of the refusal of the inhabitants to take the Oath of Allegiance, garrisoning of the interior of the country, and giving him news of Gen. Braddock's defeat, with other matters of importance, 15 *pages, folio.*—Copy of Col. Monckton's Queries with Governor Lawrence's Answers, *July* 31, 1755, $6\frac{1}{4}$ *pages, folio* (2)

I had the pleasure to receive your letters of the 22nd and 23rd instant by Captain Hussey, as also the paper of Querys which I conceive were fully and particularly explained in my former letters . . . . however, that you may no longer remain in doubt I enclose you a copy of the Querys you sent me with a particular answer to each Head in an opposite column . . . . The Deputy's of the French Inhabitants of the Districts of Annapolis Mines and Piziquid have been called before the Council, and have refused to take the oath of Allegiance, and have declared this to be the sentiments of the whole people ; whereupon the Council advised, and it is accordingly determined, that they shall be removed out of the Country as soon as possible . . . . In the meantime it will be proper to keep this measure as secret as possible, as well to prevent their attempting to escape as to carry off their cattle, etc.

*** A VERY LONG AND IMPORTANT LETTER.

38 Lawrence (*Hon. Col.* Charles) L. s. *Halifax, 8th August*, 1755, to Colonel Monckton at Fort Beausejour, giving him the confirmation of General Braddock's defeat, and advising him to be upon his guard against a sudden surprise by the enemy; also further instructions for the removal of the French inhabitants, and touching on other matters of importance, 7 *pages, folio*

Last night a vessel arrived from New York, by which we have it confirmed that General Braddock was attacked by the French on the 9th of July about nine miles from Fort Duquesne, that his Army was defeated, and that the General died of the wounds received in the engagement. We have lost a number of Officers and Men, together with most of the Cannon and Military Stores. As it is hard to say what may be the consequences of this most unhappy affair, you cannot be too much upon your guard, etc.

*** A VERY IMPORTANT LETTER.

39 The Government's Accompt with Colonel Monckton during the Expedition against Beausejour, and whilst he Commanded on the Isthmus of Chignecto, 1755; Certified correct by Robt. Grant and Charles Morris, Members of the Council of Nova Scotia, *April* 30, 1758, 2 *leaves, folio*

40 Morris (*Captain* Roger, Aide-de-Camp to General Shirley) Two A. L. s., *New York, Dec.* 19, 1755, *and Boston, Feb.* 7, 1756, to Colonel Monckton, notifying him of his appointment as Aide to General Shirley, and prescribing a form to be used in making returns of the strength of the Corps, *and one duplicate.*—General Order issued by General Shirley to the Commanding Officer of His Majesty's Forty-seventh Regiment of Foot at Halifax, Nova Scotia, commanding him to make certain returns; signed by Roger Morris, and dated *New York, Dec. 30th*, 1755, 1½ *pages, folio* (4)

41 Probyn (*Captain* C.) A. L. s., *Annapolis, October* 20, 1755, respecting the removal of the inhabitants from the Isthmus of Chignecto, 2¼ *pages, 4to.*—Hay (*Ensign* Alex.) A. L. s., to Col. Monckton, *Fort Beausejour, June* 8, 1755, notifying him of his capture by the French, 1 *page, 4to*, with a Letter from the Commandant of Fort Beausejour, notifying Col. Monckton of the capture, 3 *pages, 4to.*—Rous (*Captain* John) L. s., "*Success,*" *off the River St. Johns, June 29th*, 1755, giving an account of his action against the French Settlement there, 1½ *pages, folio* (4)

42 Phips (*Hon.* Spencer, *Lieut. Gov. of Massachusetts*) Two L. s., *Boston, Aug.* 20 *and Sept.* 5, 1755, to Colonel Monckton, congratulating him upon his successes in Nova Scotia, and expressing his approval of the removal of the inhabitants, and his regrets for the mischief done the Penobscot Indians; refers also to Braddock's defeat,

LOT 42—*continued.*

and other matters of importance, 1½ *pages, folio, and* 2¼ *pages, 4to* (2)

I had the honour to receive your letter of the 8th, and am glad to see that the country is now so secure. But I apprehend it can never be quite safe so long as the French inhabitants are suffered to hold their possessions, and therefore esteem it a wise precaution that your government is now taking, the removing them out of the province. I am extremely sorry for the mischief done the Penobscot Indians by one of our scouting parties, which you tell me has had an ill influence on the Indians of St. John's River, and kept them back from ratifying a peace with you. The Capn. of the party is in Boston Gaol, in order to take his tryal for this base action, etc.

43 Mascarene (*Colonel* Paul, *Lieut. Gov. of Nova Scotia*, 1740-49) A. L. s. *Boston, March* 27, 1755, to William Shirley, Governor of Massachusetts, explaining the arrangements made by him for settling the relative rank of the King's and American Provincial Officers, on the occasion of the troops sent by Gov. Shirley to assist in the defence of Annapolis Royal, against the French and Indians, in 1744, 1 *page, folio*

44 Shirley (William, *Governor of Massachusetts*) Four A. L. s., *Long Island, April* 4, 1755; *Philadelphia, April* 23, 1755; *Boston, June* 22 *and* 25, 1755, to Colonel Monckton, concerning the ranking of officers of provincial troops, the raising of troops for service in Nova Scotia, and other matters relating to the campaign in that province, 5 *pages, 4to, and one enclosure.*—Officially signed extract of a Letter from Gov. Shirley to Secretary Willard, *Philadelphia, April* 9, 1755, regarding the rumour of French reinforcements for North America, 1 *page, 4to.*—Order by General Shirley respecting the enlistment of men to serve in the regiment under his command, 1½ *pages, folio* (7)

45 Winslow (John, *Lieut. Colonel of Shirley's Regiment of Provincials*) Six A. L. s., *Fort Gaspareau, June* 29; *Fort Lawrence, Aug.* 15; *Camp at Grand Pré, Aug.* 25 *and* 31, *Sept.* 19 *and October* 2*nd*, 1755, to Colonel Monckton, informing him of the taking over of Fort Gaspareau, and the state of its garrison, of his settling his quarters at Grand Pré, disposal of prisoners, and other matters relating to the campaign, *folio and 4to.*—Copy of Governor Shirley's Instructions to Lieut. Col. John Winslow for dislodging the French from the incroachments made by them in Nova Scotia and for removing them out of His Majesty's territories, *Boston, March* 27, 1755, 1½ *pages, folio* (7)

*** Lieutenant Colonel Winslow was the officer selected by Governor Lawrence to announce to the Acadians the decree of transportation. He summoned them to collect at Grand Pré, where he reluctantly, from a table set in the middle of the church, delivered to them his Majesty's orders and instructions.

46 Capitulation of Fort Beausejour. Draft of a letter from Colonel Monckton to Mons. Vergor du Chambon, Commandant of the Fort at Beausejour, when sending the terms of surrender, *Camp before Beausejour, June* 16, 1755, *in Col. Monckton's handwriting*, 1 *page*, 4*to*.—Draft in Monckton's handwriting of his letter to the Commandant, stating his willingness to grant terms of surrender, *June* 16*th*, 1755, 1 *page*, *folio*.—Mons. Vergor du Chambon's proposed terms of capitulation, with the counter proposals of Col. Monckton, written by him in the margins, 3 *pages*, *folio, and fair copy of the proposals*.—Terms of Capitulation as arranged between Col. Monckton and Mons. Vergor du Chambon, signed by the latter, and ten others, 2 *pages*, *folio, and fair copy*. —Vergor du Chambon (Mons.) Four L. s. *Beausejour, June* 16, 1755, in relation to the surrender, 4*to and folio* (10)

47 Capitulation of Fort Gaspereau. Signed Draft of Colonel Monckton's letter to Mons. De Villeray, Commandant of Fort Gaspereau, summoning him to surrender, and offering the same terms as those accorded to Mons. Vergor du Chambon at Beausejour, dated *Fort Beausejour, June* 17, 1755, 1 *page*, *folio, entirely in Monckton's handwriting*.—Mons. De Villeray's reply to the summons, *Au Fort des Gaspereau, Juin* 17, 1755, 1 *page*, 4*to*.— Terms of Capitulation granted to the Commandant and Garrison, signed by Mons. De Villeray, 1 *page*, 4*to* (3)

48 Memorial of the Inhabitants of Beaubassain to Robert Monckton [1755].—Copy of a letter from M. de Vergor, Commandant at Fort Beausejour, written on his arrival, Aug. 18, 1754, to the General of Canada, on the actual condition of the fortress.— Address of the Inhabitants of the River St. John to Colonel Monckton, July 27, 1758, agreeing to obey his orders to depart and give up their arms as soon as possible (3)

49 Nova Scotia. Copies of Letters written by Lieut. Gov. Monckton on his Majesty's service, during the time Governor Lawrence was up the Bay of Fundy executing the Earl of Loudoun's orders, *Halifax, October* 15–31*st*, 1757, to the Earl of Holderness, Lords Commissioners of Trade and Plantations, John Pownall and Admiral Holbourne, relating to naval affairs, Lawrence Town, manufacture of iron in the Colony, disposition of the troops, privateers, and other matters (7)

50 Nova Scotia. Copies of Letters written by Lieut. Gov. Monckton, on his Majesty's service, in the absence of Governor Lawrence in the months of March and April, 1758, *Halifax, March* 11–*April* 23, 1758, to Lord Colvill, Gov. Thomas Pownall, General Abercromby, William Pitt, Sir Charles Hardy, Robert Mann (*with Mann's letter to Monckton*), and Lt. Col. Sutherland, relating to the treatment of French prisoners, supplies for the fleet, cutting of timber, protection of the New England coasters from privateers, allowance of stores to settlers, etc. (9)

51 Nova Scotia. Copies of Letters written by Lieut. Gov. Monckton, during Governor Lawrence's absence from Halifax, *Halifax, June* 5–*August* 14, 1758, to William Pitt, Lords Comrs. of Trade, General Abercromby, Col. James, *Commander of Fort Cumberland*, Major Elliot, *Commander of Annapolis Royal*, Captain Spendelove, *Commander at Piziquid*, Thomas Hancock *of Boston*, Governor Thomas Pownall, Captain Faesch, *Commander at Lunenburg*, James de Lancey, *Governor of New York*, Governor Tinker, and John Pownall, *Secretary to the Comrs. of Trade*, relating to stores for the troops, military services, fuel for the garrisons, expedition against Louisbourg, naturalization of foreign settlers, etc. (16)

52 Draft of a Letter from Lieut.-Gov. Monckton to General Abercrombie, *April* 7, 1758, informing him that by letter from Lord Barrington His Majesty had appointed him to the command of the Battalion of the Royal Americans lately commanded by Col. Dusseaux, 1 *page*, *folio*.—Draft of a Letter to Admiral Boscawen, *Halifax, July* 21, 1758, notifying him of the capture, by a French privateer in the Bay of Fundy, of two vessels from Boston, and suggesting the sending of a Ship of War for the protection of ships going up the Bay, 2 *pages*, 4*to*.—Draft of a Letter to Governor Pownall, *Halifax, Aug.* 19, 1757, on naval and military matters, 4 *pages*, *folio*; ALL IN THE HANDWRITING OF LIEUT.-GOV. MONCKTON (4)

53 LOUISBOURG. AMHERST (MAJOR-GENERAL SIR JEFFREY) A. L. s., *Camp* [*at Louisbourg*], *July* 28, 1758 [to Lieut.-Gov. Monckton], 1 *page*, 4*to*, enclosing a "JOURNAL OF THE SIEGE OF LOUISBURGH" (3)

Captain Martin is just come to me, says he sails to-morrow early for Halifax, tis now night and he must get away. I send you enclosed that you may see what is done.

*** The enclosed Journal, which is written in a neat and legible hand on 16 pages of small quarto paper, commences with a list of the Fleet and Army engaged in the operations. This list gives the names of the vessels and their commanders, with the number of guns and men. Also the numbers of the Regiments with their commander's names and complement of rank and file. It continues with a day to day record of the progress of the siege from June 3rd, 1758, when the Fleet and accompanying transports, which sailed from Halifax on May 28th, came to an anchor in Gabarous Bay, until July 31st when Admiral Boscawen and his fleet departed after the capitulation. It finishes with a list of the English killed and wounded, a state of the French garrison comprising the names of the regiments with the number of officers and men wounded and fit for duty, and a list of the French ships taken, escaped or destroyed. Inserted is a small plan of a Line of Battle drawn up by Major-General Amherst, dated Halifax, May 20, 1758. Coming from such a source, this Journal must have the highest possible

Lot 53—*continued.*

value as an authentic record of this notable siege, the successful consummation of which led up to, and made possible, events of far greater importance: the capture of Quebec and conquest of all Canada in the following year.

54 Louisbourg. Articles de Capitulation entre Son Excellence L'Amiral Boscawen et Son Excellence Le Major General Amherst d'une Part, et de Son Excellence Mons le Chr. de Drucour, Gouverneur de l'Isle Royalle de Louisbourg, Isle de St. Jean, et de leurs dependances, *le* 26*me Juillet*, 1758, 3 *pages*, *folio*, *signed by Le Chevalier de Drucour* [*Copy*?].—State of the Garrison of Louisbourg when it capitulated, 26 *July*, 1758, 1 *page*, *folio.*—Disposition of the troops for attacking at Louisbourg, 2 *pages*, *folio* (3)

55 Townshend (*Colonel* Roger) Two A. L. s., to Lieut.-Gov. Monckton, *Camp before Louisbourg*, *July* 15 *and* 17, 1758, asking for officers for the Royal American and Otway's Regiments, and for shells and fuzes; also informing him of the good progress of the siege, 2 *pages*, 4*to* (2)

55* Amherst (*Major-Gen.* Sir Jeffrey) A. L. s., *Louisbourg*, *August* 26*th and* 27*th*, 1758, to Col. Monckton, ordering him to proceed to the River St. Johns and wishing him success in the expedition; also respecting his own departure from Louisbourg, 2 *leaves*, *folio* (2)

I send you with this the orders for you to go to the River St. Johns, which I hope will be a service you like, I know you will go there with all the expedition you can. The troops I send you will thank me for having given you the command of them, I most heartily wish you success in this as well as in everything else that you can desire, etc.

56 Fort William Henry. Copy of General Abercrombie's Order declaring the Capitulation of Fort William Henry made 9th August last to be null and void, *Fort Edward*, *June* 24*th*, 1758, *signed J. Cunningham*, *Aide-de-camp*, 2 *pages*, *folio*; *with another copy dated one day later.*—Extract of a Letter from General Abercrombie to His Excellency the Marquis de Vaudreuil, Governor-General of Canada, bearing date *Fort Edward*, *June* 26, 1758, in relation to the breach by the French of the Articles of Capitulation and threatening reprisals, $2\frac{1}{4}$ *pages*, *folio* (3)

57 Return of the Killed, Missing and Wounded of His Majesty's Troops and Provincials in the Action near Ticonderoga, July 8th, 1758, *one large folio sheet.*—Account of Money advanced by Major Robert Rogers to Captains John McCurdy, James Rogers, William Starks, Jonathan Brewer, Lieut. Camble, and Ensign Smith, out of the Warrant granted to him towards raising sundry Companies of Rangers, dated *Albany*, 24*th January*, 1758, 2 *pages*, *folio* (2)

58 Ticonderoga. French Account of their Success over General Abercrombie at Ticonderoga on July 8th, 1758, with heading "Journal de Carillon le 8 de Juillet 1758. Lettre d'un ami à un l'autre," 2 *pages*, 4*to*.—Letter from P. de La Croise to his mother, 11*th July*, 1758, on the same subject, 2 *pages*, 4*to* (2)

59 Draft of Colonel Monckton's Report of the Proceedings of the Troops on the Expedition up St. John's River in the Bay of Fundy, Nova Scotia, from September 11th to November 21st, 1758, 19 *pages*, *folio*, entirely in the handwriting of Col. Monckton. — A Return of the Forces under the command of Col. Monckton at the River St. Johns, 24th September, 1758, *one sheet*, *large folio* (2)

60 Draft of a Letter from Colonel Monckton to General Abercrombie, *St. John's River*, *October ye* 15*th*, 1758, detailing his proceedings at St. John's River, in accordance with the instructions of General Amherst, from September 13th, the date of his leaving Halifax, 11 *pages*, *folio*, entirely in the handwriting of Col. Monckton

61 Draft of a Letter from Colonel Monckton to General Abercrombie, *St. John's*, *Novbr. ye* 12*th*, 1758, continuing the details of his proceedings from October 15th, the date of his former letter, 16 *pages*, *folio*, entirely in the handwriting of Col. Monckton

62 Drafts of Letters from Colonel Monckton to Governor Pownall at Boston, *St. John's River*, *October* 17*th*, *and Nov.* 15*th and* 20*th*, 1758, reporting the progress of the expedition and giving details of Major Scott's expedition up the River Pitcondiack, 3 *pages*, *folio*, entirely in the handwriting of Col. Monckton (3)

63 Scott (*Major* George) Signed Report of his Expedition up the Pitcondiack River, Nova Scotia, dated *Fort Frederick*, 19*th November*, 1758, 5 *pages*, *folio*:

*** Major Scott set out from Fort Frederick on the St. Johns River, on Nov. 11th, 1758, with instructions, from Colonel Monckton, to destroy the French Settlements on the Pitcondiack. He ascended the river for fifteen leagues, and landing parties at different points on both banks, burnt and destroyed all the houses and a vast quantity of grain, killed the cattle, and captured several prisoners in addition to two vessels moored in the stream. He returned to Fort Frederick on Nov. 18 having successfully carried out his orders with very small loss.

*** An interesting account of one of the minor operations of the campaign.

64 Letter Book of the Honourable Robert Monckton, Esq., Commander-in-Chief (for the time being) of His Majesty's

LOT 64—*continued.*

FORCES IN NOVA SCOTIA, 1758, 42 *pages + index, and many blank leaves, sewn in the original marble-paper wrapper, sm. 4to*

*** This Letter Book covers the period from June 24th to August 13th, 1758. It contains Letters to General Amherst and Admiral Boscawen, commanding at Louisbourg; Captain Spendelove, commander at Piziquid; Colonel James, commander at Fort Cumberland; Brigadier Waldo at Casco Bay; Captain Amherst; Honble. Colonel Townshend, Deputy Adjutant-General of North America, at the Camp before Louisbourg; Governor Thomas Pownall at Boston; James de Lancey, Lieut.-Governor of New York; and Major-General Abercrombie, Commander-in-chief of all His Majesty's Forces in North America, at the Camp at Lake George. The letters are all addressed from Halifax, Nova Scotia, and relate principally to the military operations taking place, at the time, in different parts of North America.

65 AMHERST (GENERAL SIR JEFFERY) A HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND VALUABLE COLLECTION OF THIRTY-SIX A. L. AND L. S., WRITTEN TO BRIGADIER-GENERAL MONCKTON, BETWEEN NOVEMBER 9TH, 1758, AND OCTOBER 26TH, 1761, INCLUSIVE, ADDRESSED FROM HALIFAX, N.S., NEW YORK, ALBANY, CROWN POINT AND STATEN ISLAND, RELATING ENTIRELY TO THE MILITARY AFFAIRS OF THAT IMPORTANT PERIOD, 78 *pages, 4to and folio* (36)

66 Amherst (*General* Sir Jeffery) A Collection of Twenty A. L. and L. s., written to His Excellency General Monckton, between November 3rd, 1761, and April 21st, 1762, inclusive, all dated from New York, relating almost entirely to the expedition against the French and Spaniards in the West Indies, 34 *pages, 4to and folio* (20)

67 Amherst (*General* Sir Jeffery) A Collection of Twenty-three A. L. and L. s., written to His Excellency the Honble. Robert Monckton, Governor of New York, between June 13th, 1762, and September 17th, 1763, inclusive, all dated from New York, with reference to lands in dispute near Albany, the capture of Havannah and of St. Johns, Newfoundland, Indian affairs, military matters, etc., 28 *pages, 4to and folio* (23)

68 Amherst (*General* Sir Jeffery) L. s. *Oswego, July* 26, 1760, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, enclosing a copy of the Orders relative to Lord George Sackville, 1 *page, folio, with enclosure* — Barrington (William, *Viscount*) L. s., *War Office, July* 12, 1760, to General Amherst, relative to the King's wishes regarding some Officers who had made false returns for forage, 1¼ *pages, folio* (2)

69 Rogers (*Major* Robert, *Commander of a Regiment of Rangers*) A. L. s. *Camp at Detroit, Decr. 1st*, 1760, to General Monckton, informing him of his movements and dispositions, 2 *pages, folio*

Agreeable to your instructions I embarked at Prequ-Isl with Capt. Campble and his Company and part of the Rangers. Sending the remainder of the Rangers in two partys, one by land with Cattle to Detroit and another to Niagara for provisions. The latter I directed to joyne me at Detroit with Capt. Campble and the Rangers by water . . . The French inhabitants have all laid down their arms and taken the Oaths of Aleighence to his British Majesty, etc.

70 Instructions from General Amherst to General Monckton, *New York, April* 29, 1760, upon appointing him to the Command of the Southern Districts in North America, 9 *pages, folio*, entirely in the handwriting of Sir Jeffery Amherst, *with five enclosures, three of which are signed by Amherst; one by John Appy, Judge Advocate of the Forces in North America, and two countersigned by him* (6)

Dear Sir.—As Major General Stanwix has received leave from England to return to Europe, it is absolutely necessary that an Officer of Rank and Experience should command his Majesty's Forces, in conjunction with the forces directed to be raised in the Southern Provinces, as by Mr. Secretary Pitt's Letter of the 7th January; in consequence of which I have applied to the several Governours, and I herewith enclose to you Copies of Letters relating thereto as far as is necessary for your information. And as Major General Stanwix will repair to New York to proceed to England, you will please to set out for Philadelphia . . . and when he leaves Philadelphia you will take on you the command of the troops and make such dispositions as you shall judge will best answer for executing the following services.

1st, To relieve the Garrison of Niagara . . . 2nd, to secure a communication between Pittsburg and Niagara . . . 3rd, to compleat as much as possible the works of Pittsburg according to the Plan it is built on . . . It may be necessary to keep the Indians in a proper subjection, that you declare you take Posts at the several places to carry on an expedition against Fort Detroit. I enclose you a warrant for holding of General Courts Martial as likewise one for the Payment of the Subsistance and such contingencies as may be wanted.

*** A highly important historical document.

71 General Return of His Majesty's Forces in the Southern Provinces of North America under the Command of ye Honble. Brigadier-General Monckton, *Camp before Pittsburg, July* 11, 1760, signed by Horatio Gates, *Major of Brigade, one large folio sheet*

72 Return of the Detachment sent from Oswego under Command of Major Henry Gladwin, *Presque Isle, July* 17, 1760, signed by Major Gladwin, *one sheet, 4to*—Return of four Companys of Major-Gen. Stanwix's Battalion of the Royal American Regiment, *Camp at Presquile*, 17 *July*, 1760, signed by Major Wm. Walters, *one sheet, folio*—General Return of His Majesty's Troops commanded by Colonel Henry Bouquet at Presque Isle, 19th July, 1760, signed by Col. Bouquet *of the Royal American Regiment, one sheet, folio*—Return of a Detachment Commanded by Colonel

LOT 72—*continued.*

Henry Bouquet, *Presque Isle, 6th August*, 1760, signed by Col. Bouquet, *one sheet, folio*—Return of the Names, Country, Age, and Service of the Officers of His Majesties Royal Regiment of Welch Volun^{ts} Commanded by the Hon^{ble} Lt. Col^{n} Command^{t} John Vaughan, *Philadelphia*, 18 *Decr.*, 1760, *one sheet, folio* (6)

73 Fort Venango. A Series of Twenty-four A. L. s. from Major Robert Stewart, of the Virginia Regiment, Commanding Officer at Fort Venango, on the Alleghany River, to His Excellency General Monckton and Major Horatio Gates at Pittsburg, covering the period August 9th to November 7th, 1760, giving a description of his journey to the Fort, his proceedings there, the condition of the country, information regarding the French and Indian enemy, and in many cases enclosing signed returns of the Detachment under his command and of the Provisions, Ammunition, etc., in store at the different times of writing, *4to and folio*—Mackenzie (Robert, *of the Virginia Regiment*) A. L. s., *Camp at Venango, August ye 7th*, 1760, to General Monckton at Fort Pitt, acquainting the General of his arrival at the Fort, and of his not yet having met with Major Stewart's Detachment; also of the movements of the French and Indian enemy, 2 *pages, folio* (25)

74 Campbell (*Captain* Donald, *Commander at Detroit*) A. L. s., *Detroit, 22nd July*, 1761, to General Monckton, reporting the designs of the Six Nations in attempting to stir up the Indians of that part of the Country against the English, 3 *pages*, *4to*, *with a* "copy of a letter from General Amherst to Captain Campbell" *enclosed*, 1 *page*, *4to*; and two others (4)

I desired Colonel Bouquet to inform you of the extraordinary attempts of the Six Nations to draw in the Indians here and their Allies to take up the hatchet against the English. Their scheme was grand and carried on with the greatest secrecy, it was by a mere accident I came to the knowledge of the affair . . . The Delawars and Shawanies although much inclined to act the same part as the Six Nations will I hope be entirely influenced by the part the Nations here have taken. I have wrote to General Amherst the bad effects of selling Rum at Niagara, the consequences of which we feel here every day, etc.

75 Copies of Letters from General Amherst, dated *New York* and *Albany*, *April* 27, 28, 28, *May* 17, 28, 28, 1760, to Governor Sharpe of Maryland; Thomas Barrow, *Paymaster-General*; General Stanwix; Governor Hamilton of Pennsylvania; Major Gladwin, commanding at Fort Ontario; and Colonel Eyre, commanding at Niagara, relating to the Conduct of the Assembly of Maryland, military matters, etc. (6)

76 Copies of Letters from General John Stanwix, *Philadelphia*, *April* 10, 14 *and* 25, 1760; Thomas Barrow, *Phila.*, *April* 14, 1760; and Governor Sharpe of Maryland, *Annapolis*, *April* 10, 1760, to General Amherst, in relation to military affairs, the conduct of the Maryland Assembly, etc.; and one other (6)

77 Copies of Letters from James Hamilton, Lieut.-Governor of Pennsylvania, dated *Philadelphia, March* 2, 15, 27th, 1760, to General Amherst, informing him of the willingness of the Assembly to raise troops for the ensuing campaign; and of his having appointed Frederick Post and Isaac Still to accompany the Indian Chief Teedyuscung to a great Indian Council on the Ohio River, and enclosing a certified copy of a letter he had received from Post regarding his going to the Council. Also a Copy of a Letter from General Amherst to Governor Hamilton, *New York, March* 30, 1760, expressing his disapprobation at the dilatory conduct of the Pennsylvania Assembly, and commending his conduct in relation to Indian affairs and in sending Frederick Post and Isaac Still to attend the Council (5)

78 Copies of Circular Letters from General Amherst to the Governors of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, and North and South Carolina, *New York*, 21*st February and* 31*st March*, 1760, informing them of the contemplated reduction of all Canada, and asking them to use their best endeavours to raise troops for the Campaign.—Signed Report of the present state of the Fortifications and Buildings of Fort Niagara, *July* 26, 1760, made by George Demler, of the Engineers, for Major Walters, commanding officer there; and 4 others (7)

79 Copies of Letters from General Amherst to Governor Dobbs of North Carolina, *Albany, May* 28 *and* 29, 1760; to Lt.-Govr. Fauquier of Virginia, *New York, April* 20, 1760, all in reference to the raising of troops for the campaign.—Copy of a Letter from Governor Lawrence of Nova Scotia, *Halifax, June* 23, 1760, to General Amherst, respecting General Monckton's application for a reimbursement of Extraordinary Expenses incurred for a hospital for his Battalion when quartered there, *with enclosure*; and another (6)

80 Byrd (*Colonel the Honble.* William, *commanding the Virginia Regiment of Foot*), Five A. L. s., dated *Winchester* [*Va.*], *May* 26*th and* 29*th, June* 29*th, Fort Bedford, June* 15, and *Camp on Roanoak, July* 18, 1760, to General Monckton, reporting his proposals to join the General with as many men as possible for the campaign, and enclosing a signed return of the Regiment stationed at Fort Loudoun; and later regretting his being called off the General's campaign, and his being appointed to command the force to relieve Fort Loudoun; also news of the campaign against the Cherokee Indians, etc.; and two others
4*to and folio.* (7)

81 Proceedings of a Court of Enquiry held at Fort Pitt, *June* 29, 1761, by order of Colonel Bouquet, of the First Battalion of the Royal American Regiment, to examine Lt. Peiper of the Pensilvania

LOT 81—*continued.*

Troops, and other persons of the Corps, upon the particulars of the Horses stolen from them at Legonier, on which occasion an Indian was kill'd, 2¼ *pages, folio,* signed by Captain Richard Mather, *of the Royal American Regiment, President of the Court*

82 Account of Warrants granted by Brigr-Genl. Monckton, commanding the Western Army, on Abraham Mortier, Esq., Depy. Pay Master Genl. in North America, from 9th May, 1760, to 22d Novbr., 1760, *original marble paper wrapper, 8vo.*—List of Warrants drawn by the Honble. Robert Monckton, Brigr.-General commanding the Western Army, on Abraham Mortier, from 9th May, 1760, to 24 July, 1761, *original paper wrapper, sm. 4to* (2)

83 WOLFE (BRIGADIER-GENERAL JAMES) SECRET INSTRUCTIONS FOR OUR TRUSTY AND WELBELOVED JAMES WOLFE, ESQ^r^, BRIGADIER-GENERAL OF OUR FORCES IN NORTH AMERICA, AND MAJOR-GENERAL AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF A BODY OF OUR LAND FORCES, TO BE EMPLOYED ON AN EXPEDITION AGAINST QUEBEC, BY THE WAY OF THE RIVER ST. LAWRENCE. GIVEN AT OUR COURT AT ST. JAMES'S THE FIFTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1759, IN THE THIRTY-SECOND YEAR OF OUR REIGN, *with seal and signature of King George III on the first page, and the king's initials at the end, 12 pages, folio, including the blank leaf at the end containing the endorsement, also two photographs of the first page*

*** IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO OVERRATE THE HISTORICAL OR SENTIMENTAL IMPORTANCE OF THIS DOCUMENT. When it was handed to Wolfe, with the King's will and pleasure that the instructions contained therein were to be carried out in the manner considered most conducive to the good of His Majesty's service, hopes were high, but the resulting brilliant success could hardly have been foreseen. Louisbourg had already fallen to the genius and tireless energy of the frail but never despondent commander, and when the final triumph on the Heights of Abraham crowned his career these Secret Instructions had been fully executed, although at the cost of his life.

[*See* ILLUSTRATION].

84 BARRINGTON (WILLIAM WILDMAN, SECOND VISCOUNT) L. s. *War Office, 29th Decr.* 1758, TO COL. WOLFE, SIGNIFYING TO HIM HIS MAJESTY'S PLEASURE AT APPOINTING HIM MAJOR-GENERAL DURING THE CONTINUATION OF HIS SPECIAL SERVICE IN NORTH AMERICA, 1 *page, folio, with photograph of same:*

His Majesty having appointed you to command a body of troops, destined for a particular Service in North America, I am to signify to you His Majesty's pleasure that you do serve as a Major-General, with one Aide-de-Camp, and take rank as such during the continuance of the said service ;

George R.

Secret Instructions for Our Trusty and Welbeloved James Wolfe Esqr., Brigadier General of Our Forces in North America,

3 ——— In case, by the Blessing of God upon Our Arms, You shall make Yourself Master of Quebec, Our Will and Pleasure is, that You do keep Possession of the said Place, for which Purpose, You are to appoint, out of the Troops under Your Command, a sufficient and ample Garrison, under the Command of such careful and able Officer, as You shall judge best qualified for so important a Trust, effectually to defend and secure the said Place; And You will immediately make, in the best manner practicable, such Repairs to the

Works, as You shall find necessary for the Defence thereof, until You shall receive further Orders from Us; And You are forthwith to transmit an exact Account, to be laid before Us, of the State and Condition of the said Place.

LOT 84—*continued.*
after the performance of which you are to serve as a Brigadier, and follow such orders as you shall receive from Major-General Amherst, or other your superior officers.

85 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *London*, 16*th Jany.* 1759, to Brigadier-Gen. Monckton. expressing to him his pleasure at his having been appointed second in command of the expedition against Quebec, notifying him of the troops to be used, and begging him to accelerate matters as much as possible, 2 *pages*, 4*to*:

His Majesty has thought fit to give me the command of a body of Troops to act in the River St. Lawrence, and his Majesty has done me the honour to appoint you, Sir, to be second in command upon this service. I could not wish to be better supported, your spirit and zeal for the service will help me thro all difficulties. . . . The Corps of Troops is to consist of the 4 Battalions quartered in the Bay of Fundy, the Garrison of Halifax, part of the Garrison of Louisbourg, and three Regiments from the Continent. . . . As far as your situation will permit I must beg the favour of you to accelerate matters, that we may be in reddyness to act as early in the Summer as the nature of the undertak[ing] will permit. I shall go directly to Louisbourg, etc.

86 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Neptune at Sea*, 20*th March*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, in relation to the naval operations before Quebec, and requesting his co-operation, 1 *page*, *folio*:

Rear-Admiral Durell is ordered to block up the River St. Lawrence as early as possible, and he has received Mr. Saunders's directions to push a small Squadron of Men of War, Frigates, and armed Sloops from the Isle Rie to the Isle of Orleans, or into the Bason of Quebec, that the Navigation of the River between those two Islands may not be obstructed. . . . I desire you will order one or two Companies of Grenadiers of the Royal American Batt[n] quartered at Halifax to embark in such ships as the Admiral shall appoint for their reception, etc.

87 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s. *Tuesday Night*, 11*th May*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, desiring him to sail by the 20th, leaving behind such troops as he might find difficulty in embarking, 1 *page*, 4*to*, *and two photographs of the same*:

As it is of consequence to get as early as possible within the River, I must desire you will manage to sail from hence by the 20th inst., and if there be any difficulty about embarking the Troops, leave one or two Battalions behind. Mr. Holmes will bring 'em after us in time enough for the Siege—let Amherst's and Anstruther's be the first to embark, as their seniority claims.

88 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., 8 *o'clock*, 13*th May* [1759], to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, informing him of the arrival of the Transports at New York, and of his being able to wait for them until the 20th or 22nd, 1 *page*, 8*vo*:

By Admiral Holmes' account, the Harbour of Louisbourg was frozen up the 7th, and it may probably still be shut, and as we are now certain that the Transports are arrived at New York, I think you may wait their coming at least till the 20th or 22nd. I mean, you need not take up Transport till that time.

89 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Richmond, 2 o'clock* [*June 20th*, 1759] to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, with orders to reinforce Col. Carleton's detachment at the Isle of Orleans and other instructions, 3 *pages*, *4to*, endorsed "Orders from Gen[l] Wolfe received by Major Barry, June ye 20th in the Evening":

Gen[l]. Wolfe desires that Brig. Monckton will be so good to order the Rangers to hold themselves ready at a very short warning, to proceed up the River in the Whale Boats, to reinforce Col. Carleton's Detachment which is suppos'd to be landed upon the Isle of Orleans. It is likewise the Gen[ls]. intentions to order L[t]. Col. Murray w[h] the Grenadiers under his Command to proceed up the River in flat Bottom'd Boats . . . If the Richmond goes on Brig. Monckton will be so good to forward this business and hasten all the Sloops and Schooners of the Fleet that have men in them towards Quebec, etc.

90 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *8th July*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, with military instructions, 4 *pages*, *8vo*:

The bearer, Capt. Hazen, is order'd upon a particular service in which Canoes are much wanted, please to let him take his choice of those you have collected. Major Scot's scout did not answer my expectations, the pow-wow and paint, and howl operates too strongly upon the Rangers, either they must make themselves useful in their way or I shall leave 'em to lounge away the Campaign in their present Posts. . . Let two or three small parties of Rangers be sent out this night to try if they can't get a Prisoner . . . If there is any Officer hardy enough to pass the River in a canoe or to venture up by land, or by water to the River Chaudiere, and above . . . to discover where the French ships are. If the canoe goes over the River the Party might lodge themselves close to Quebec, at least as close as there is cover, to bring off a prisoner.

91 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) Memorandum in the handwriting of Major-General Wolfe giving the strength of the French and Indian enemy and of their attempt to attack the batteries upon Point Levy [*June*, 1759], *written on both sides of a slip of paper*, 10 *by* $4\frac{1}{4}$ *in.* —Memorandum containing military dispositions, endorsed "Gen[l] Wolfe's Orders" [*July*, 1759], 3 *pages*, *8vo* (2)

92 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Falls of Montmorency, 12th July*, 1759, to Brigr.-General Monckton, commanding at the Point of Levy, giving directions for the disposition of the artillery, 3 *pages*, *sm. 4to*, *signature and locality of writing defective*

The Seamen will take upon them to land the mortars if it be possible—they will be better upon the shore than afloat . . . If Williamson upon trial finds that a 10 inch Mortar is like to be effectual he may get 'em in Battery, as soon as he can, and the 24 Pounders, in 4 of them. Pray tell the Colonel Commandant of the Artillery to be very sparing of his 32 pound shot . . . We shall establish such a tremendous fire that no human head can venture to peep up near it . . . We shall be glad to see you begin, but don't wish it till all is right about the Battery, etc.

93 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Camp of Montmorency, 16th July*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, giving directions for keeping

Lot 93—*continued.*

the troops employed and for the attack which took place a few days later, 3 *pages*, 4*to:*

Dr Brigr. As Amherst's Regt and Dalling's light Infantry can embark as easily from the Point Levy as from the Point of Orleans I would have 'em remain where they are in readiness. Don't let Dalling's People lye idle in their quarters, let 'em scout every day for three or 4 hours, or work in making Fascines, or in fortifying their own Posts. Idleness will undo them. . . . If the Reefts are found to answer they will carry your attack directly across the River, opposite to the right of the Enemy's encampment . . . every thing is ready on our side and I flatter myself that the prodigious fire from hence will make the enterprise easy. There is a woody Gully upon the Right of the French Camp, the Highland Regt might penetrate there and to the left of it and gain their Flank, the Redoubt must be vigorously attacked and kept, it is out of Musquet shot from their lines and could not either be supported by them or retaken when in our possession, etc.

94 Wolfe (Major-Gen. James) A. L. s., 10 *o'clock* [*July 20th*, 1759], to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, delaying his orders for the attack and ordering the Brigadier to countermand the embarcation and the march, 1 *page*, 4*to:*

Particular circumstances make it necessary to delay our attempts for a few days and to keep it secret. In the mean while we shall make all the diversion we possibly can . . . You will countermand the embarkation and the march for a day or two and send the prisoners and deserters by the first safe means.

95 Wolfe (Major-Gen. James) A. L. s., *St. Sery, 20th May* [*?July*], 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, giving him directions for the attack, 4 *pages*, 4*to*

*** Obviously the date of writing (20th May) is a mistake, as the expedition did not arrive before Quebec until June 21st. The endorsement gives "July 20th," which is doubtless the day the letter was despatched and received.

You will be pleased to embark a part of your Brigade in 16 or more flat-bottom'd Boats and row along the South Shoar, until you perceive 3 Lanthorns, hanging a breast, upon that side of the Sutherland which is opposite to that shoar. I shall have these People ready to push ashore just as your Boats come up to attack the Houses and such Posts as the Enemy has thought proper to take. It is of consequence that we get to a rising ground over the Village where the road leading to Quebec runs, and where we must begin an abbatis with the utmost expedition, etc.

96 Wolfe (Major-Gen. James) A. L. s., 25 *July*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, commanding at Point of Levy, enquiring if men of sufficient hardihood could be found for a coup de main, and informing him of Barré going to Vaudreuile to enquire after three Grenadiers taken by the Indians, etc., 3 *pages*, 8*vo:*

. . . If I should want a Subtn Officer and 20 or 25 men Voluntiers pr Regt of your Corps for a coup de main I suppose there are such hardy people to be found, the No. of 180 men will be sufficient taken from the whole Army. Barré is going to Vaudreuile to enquire after three Grenadiers who fell into the hands of the Indians and are according to the reports at Beauport to be burnt by the savages. If this be true the Country shall be but one universal blaze, etc.

97 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s. *Montmorency, 25th [July] at night*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, giving directions for the disposal of prisoners and cattle, $1\frac{1}{2}$ *pages*, 4*to:*

The Major has succeeded very happily. If there are any big-bellied women, or sickly, or with very young children, I would have you set them at liberty ; the rest are to go on board of a Transport destin'd for that use. I will augment the number by some that are here, this measure will check their cruelty, etc.

*** The Major's success must refer to the affair at Trembleau when some 300 prisoners, mostly women, were taken.

98 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Montmorency Falls, 27th July*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, asking for fresh meat and giving news of three recent skirmishes, 2 *pages*, 4*to:*

I am exceedingly concern'd that one unlucky shot should wound two such valuable men. . . If you have 2 or 3 days fresh meat for the People in the Isle of Orleans and for us, it will be very acceptable. . . We had two skirmishes yesterday, and one this morning, in which our People were Victorious, but lost more than the Enemy, however the light Infantry and two Companies of Otways took satisfaction of a Tribe of Indians and killed several, but pursuing too hastily they got under the fire of an intrenchment upon the other side of the Montmorency river, and we suffered a good deal, several officers wounded and 2 killed, etc.

99 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Sterling Castle, 28th July*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, expressing his determination to attack the Upper Redoubt and giving his dispositions, 3 *pages*, 4*to* :

I am determined to attack the upper redoubt. Burton will have the direction of it. 2 Companies are to be put on board the armed ship Neptune destin'd to run aground close to the Redoubt. 2 more are to be ready in flat-bottom'd Boats to land when order'd . . . . . All the Grenadiers are to embark in different arm'd Vessels to-morrow night to be at hand in case of need, etc.

100 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Sunday Night* [*July* 29, 1759], to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, requesting him to order the boats to be at Point Levy to take in reinforcements, *written on a slip of paper measuring* $9\frac{1}{2}$ *by* $3\frac{3}{4}$ *in.* :

It may not be amiss to order the Long Boats and other Boats of the men of war, to be at the Point of Levy, ready to take in some of the Troops on that side in case such a reinforcement is thought requisite.

101 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s. [? 28 *July*, 1759], to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, giving directions for diversions to deceive the enemy, and referring to an expected attack by him, *written on both sides of a slip of paper measuring* 10 *by* $3\frac{3}{4}$ *in.* :

It would be right to give the Enemy some Jeolaesy about the Town—you will therefor be pleased to order Webb's Regt. to march about 8 in the morning, towards Graham's post. Mr. Holmes sales down to St. Michaels to cannonade there & put on an appearance of landing. Let the other 3 Battns. be in readyness without any extraordinary appearances or shew to embark . . . . . I take it to be better that the Marquis should attack a firm Corps of ours wh. superiority of numbers, than that we should attack his whole Army entrenched, wh what we could put on shore at one landing. If the Marquis gives Burton & I only two hours we shall knock his Battns. about most furiously. Excuse this scrap, I have no better paper, etc.

102 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *1st Augt.* [1759], to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, bidding him not to be discouraged by the failure of the attack of the previous day, but to prepare for another and better attempt, 1 *page*, 8*vo* :

This check must not discourage us, the loss is not great ; keep the men in gentle exercise, drive away all your superfluous Sutlers, and prepare for another and I hope a better attempt. Let Dalling's Crps. march, as soon as you can conveniently, in search of more prisoners, etc.

103 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Montmorenci, 4th Augt.* 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, informing him of a diversion to be made by General Murray, 1 *page*, 4*to* :

Murray is going above the Town to try at their ships and magazines, and to divide and distract them. He has the Battalion on board, and is to have from you Dalling's light Infantry 200 Marines, or 250 Kennedy's Regt. If he should desire his own Regt. in preference to the other, I shall be obliged to consent to it, etc.

104 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Montmorency, 4th Augt.* [1759], to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, informing him of an attack to be made on the Settlements in the Bay of St. Paul, and asking for certain troops for the attempt, 1 *page, folio* :

I propose to destroy the habitations and settlement in the Bay of St. Paul, and will employ Goreham in that service wh. 200 or 220 men. The Admiral has two Sloops ready victualed and will send down a flat bottom'd Boat wh each. Let Goreham take 50 of the best of Scot's Rangers, and 1 Subt. Officer and 30 Voluntiers from your Army, the rest shall be furnished from hence. Meach was killed to-day in a skirmish and one man. We are particularly unlucky in the loss of Officers, etc.

105 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Montmorency, 5th August*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, expressing the desire for an attack on him by the enemy and giving directions for the disposal of certain troops ; also informing him of some information given by a deserter, 1½ *pages, folio* :

I have thought of your situation when Murray is detached, and heartily wish you may be attacked, you have more than enough to beat the whole French Army. I made some mistake about the number of Graham's Detacht. but it is indifferent, whether 40 or 50. Webb's Regt. will take the post of the Royal Americans, and throw some men into the best of Dalling's Houses, wh. the rest Col. Burton may defend himself and the Batteries till you march to his assistance, and Col. Murray will soon be over from the Isle of Orleans if there be occasion . . . . . An Italian deserter assured me of what was very natural to expect, that the Brigr. Townshend and Murray, would have found no difficulty in their attacks, because the fire of the Artillery upon the Enemy's left flank was so violent, that they (and particularly the Regt. of Bearn to which he belongs) abandoned the Entrencht. and ran to the centre, etc.

106 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *6th Augt.* 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton commanding at Point Levy, informing him of his intention, if more fire attempts are made by the enemy, to burn all the houses from St. Joachim to the Montmorency River, and again expressing his hope of an attack from the enemy. Also information of the disposal of certain troops and the order to

LOT 106—*continued.*

mount a two-gun battery directly opposite the Town, 3 *pages*, *large 8vo* :

If any more fire attempts are made, I shall burn all the houses from the Village of St. Joachim to the Montmorency River, except exactly such as we have occasion for, and I would have you (if Goreham returns in time) enable him by reinforcements, to burn every House and Hutt, between the Chaudiere and the River Etchemius ; Churches must be spared. I shall give notice to Vaudruil obliquely, that such is my intention. . . . . I hope they will attack you, because I'm sure you'll put an end to the war. . . . . You might put two Guns in Battery upon the Beach directly opposite to the Town. . . . . which I think wou'd retard their work a good deal . . . . . Some prisoners assure me that 1500 Canadians have deserted, an' that some of the Indians are gone and others tired.

107 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Montmorency Falls*, 10*th Augt.* 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, commending him and giving directions regarding the mounting of some fresh artillery. Also information of uneasiness in the French camp, etc., 2 *pages*, *roy. 8vo* :

I thought I had mention'd to you my design of disembarking the 200 men, and of sending them to Gorham's post, what you have done upon the occasion is extremely right and proper. . . . . You may have 6 or 8 of our Brass 12-Pounders, but they must be carried off quietly, give me notice when you propose to send for them. It is not very material whether the French see the work or not, the Embrasures can be easily hid, however, the more concealed to be sure the better. . . . . I should imagine that 10 12-Pounders and 8 24-Pounders would, with the aid of ships, calm the fire of the Artillery of Quebec. My Deserter tells me they are very uneasy in the French Camp, build their hopes upon Mr. de Conflans' Squadron, etc.

108 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Falls of Montmorency*, 12*th Augt.* 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, informing him that the campaign would probably conclude with an assault upon the city of Quebec, and, as it would be necessary to increase the artillery fire for the occasion, would he make the necessary preparations, 2 *pages*, *folio* :

As the business of this campaign will probably conclude with an assault upon the Town, it has occurred to me, that it may not be improper to prepare an augmentation of fire for the occasion, that the Enemy's Barbette Battery may be so well entertain'd as to render it of no great effect in the attack ; but as our present number of guns so well serv'd as they are keep the Town very hot, and destroy a great number of People (as I am assur'd by a Deserter who is just come in), there may be no immediate occasion for improving the Fire, and, therefore, if we made the new Batteries slight and could contrive to keep 'em conceel'd till the moment of use it would be as well. I should be glad if our Fire cou'd upon that occasion rise up to 20, 24, or even thirty pieces of Cannon. Talk to Williamson about this, etc.

109 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Montmorency*, 14*th Augt.*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, informing him of the movements of two divisions of Fraser's Regiment, 2 *pages*, *4to* :

Two Divisions of the six of Fraser's Regt that are order'd to be in readyness to move are to pass over into the Isle of Orleans to-morrow where Mr. Leslie will canton them. Neither officers nor soldiers will want Tents. What Bedding and conveniences the officers may chose to take wh them shall be convey'd from the Point of Levy, to the Boscawen Brig, which is now at an Anchor here . . . this armed vessel will lay near the Highlanders and move up or down as they move, etc.

D. Sir

These flat bottomd Boats will want yeomen to bring over the Highlanders; unless the weather be so very bad, that it might injure 'em, in such case, as the business is not very pressing, to morrow night will do as well; only notice must be sent to Col: Murray, part of whose corps is order over to morrow. The Highlanders may leave their Tents standing, I shall find em covering. This corps of Highlanders (I mean the whole six divisions) are to be those that were first appointed. If you have occasion, I don't doubt but the Admiral will lend you 200 Sailors, or 300, to work as our men do; tho' it would be better to do without them altogether, if they must stay ashore.

Jam. Wolfe.

110 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *14th Augt.*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, with instructions regarding the movements of certain officers, 1 *page*, *4to*:

If Elliot does not get off this night, or to-morrow, I beg you will recall him. If the Indians pass over, it is wh design to interrupt the Parties that march the upper road, to Goreham's Post and not to attack the Post, there must be Grenadiers for that work . . . I hear Goreham has been at Mal Baye and by the smooke upon the South Shoar, it is imagin'd that he has carried the terror of his Arms even to that Coast. I want him back, when he returns send him directly to me, etc.

111 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Montmorenci*, *15th Augt.*, 1759, to Brig. General Monckton, apologizing for having detached some troops from his command, expressing his esteem, and comparing his (Monckton's) comparatively safe position with the dangerously exposed state of his own, 4 *pages*, *royal 8vo*:

You must not be offended at my paper, for the truth is that I have no better here, and a scarcity of this—Barré who esteems you much, is afraid you have taken something etc., not against him, but against me, sure, it may not be the alteration of the Posts, if so, I make you hearty excuses, and that Ross may not be censur'd, he did but answer my questions, and is blameless, you may be quite assur'd that I have all possible regard and esteem for you, and would avoid giving you the least offence, if I suspected there was any room. I saw plainly that you had so far strengthen'd those posts, that it was needless to keep above a certain no of People in them, concluding that in case of an attack the Artillerymen would more than fill them . . . With regard to your situation and ours, I must desire you to consider that the Enemy has two ways of coming at us, if they chuse it, and may when they like fall upon this body with their whole Army, without its being possible to prevent it, or to cut off their retreat; this is widely different from your position, the Enemy must cross the River, between two Squadrons, land amongst your posts, and that wh a Corps inferior to your own, well entrenched wh Artillery . . . I mention these things that you may not think I weaken you too much by the Detachments that I am obliged to send or call away, etc.

112 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Montmorency*, *16th Augt.*, 1759, again apologizing, asking forgiveness for any error, and protesting his innocence of any intent to offend, mentions an attack by and repulse of a party of Indians, 3 *pages*, *4to*:

I do repeat to you, that I would avoid all occasion of offence to an officer of your rank, and of your worth and honour, and I heartily beg your forgiveness for this last or any former error or mistake of mine. Intention I protest to you, I have none. We have had another very brisk affair in which the Enemy was so far superior, that they ventured to attack a house, a Voluntier and 20 men made a most galeant defence against at least 200 Indians. They have lost a good number of men, that is killed and wounded . . . I should tell you that the Indians put their Firelocks into the Windows and I must not forget to tell you that when the party had repulsed them, they made a sortie. Cameron who commanded, observing succours at hand, shew'd 2 or 3 men to the Indians to engage 'em to attack the House which had the desir'd effect.

113 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) A. L. s., *Camp of Montmorency*, *17th Augt.*, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, with orders regarding the Highland Corps, 1½ *pages*, *4to*:

Five flat bottom'd Boats will wait your orders to bring over the Highlanders, unless the weather be so very bad, that it might injure 'em; in such

LOT 113—*continued.*

case, as the business is not very pressing, to-morrow night will do as well... If you have occasion I don't doubt but the Admiral will lend you 200 sailers, or 300, to work as our men do, tho' it would be better to do without them altogether, if they must stay ashoar."

[*See* ILLUSTRATION].

114 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) Signed Memorandum of the Corps to embark under the command of Brigr. Monckton, 1 *page*, 4*to*, *endorsed in pencil*, *Point Levi*, *Sept.* 4

*** This probably refers to a portion of the force from Point Levi, which on Sept. 5 embarked on board Admiral Holmes' ships for conveyance to a point above the town.

115 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) Orders respecting a Battery of Artillery to be erected upon the Point aux Pères and troops to protect and support it, 1 *page*, 4*to*, *entirely in the General's handwriting*

116 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) Draft of Orders for movements to be made by the Rangers and Major Dalling's Light Infantry, 2 *pages*, 4*to*, *without date*, *entirely in the General's handwriting*:

The Rangers are to proceed thro' the Country by the left of Brig^{r} Monckton's Camp 5, 6 or 7 miles from the River S^{t} Lawrence until they come to the River Chaudiere. They are to follow the stream of that River till they come to the mouth of it, that they may see and observe what is doing there ... Major Dalling's light Infantry w^{h} two days provisions ready dress'd is to march and stretch away to the Eastward, in the day time the whole Corps must lye in Ambuscade marching and moving in the night only, etc.

117 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) Envelope addressed by General Wolfe to the Honourable Brigr.-Genl. Monckton, commanding the Troops upon the Point of Levy, with ten lines of instructions, for a strict watch to be kept upon the enemy, written on the outside [? *Sept.* 5, 1759]:

As the Admiral sends a squadron by the Town to-night it will be proper that some good observer of y^{r} Corps, from Scots Post, or the most eminent, do keep a strict eye upon the enemys motions; to-morrow in consequence of the movement of the Fleet your four Companies of Grenadiers are gone into the Isle of Orleans, in readyness to embark and join you upon the first order.

118 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) ARTICLES OF CAPITULATION CONTEMPLATED BY GENERAL WOLFE IN THE EVENT OF HIS SUCCESS IN THE ATTACK UPON QUEBEC, 3¼ *pages*, *folio*, ENTIRELY IN HIS HANDWRITING

[*See* ILLUSTRATION].

119 WOLFE (MAJOR-GEN. JAMES) Paper endorsed "SCHEME OF GENERAL WOLFES," in which he makes proposals for improving the Colony of Nova Scotia, and, in the event of the reduction of Canada, for

If it shall please God to bless his Majesty's Arms with success
long The following Articles may be thought not improper to be inserted in
the Capitulation written in the English Tongue.

Articles of Capitulation agreed upon, between ~~one~~ & ~~the~~ Persons

1st The City of Quebec & the whole colony of Canada submit to his Majesty the
King of Great Britain. (which shall march out with military honours, or otherwise as mutually
2d The Garrison of Quebec, the Garrisons of all the Forts in Canada
and all the Troops throughout the whole Colony (two or three Persons
of distinguished Bravery excepted) shall be sent to France in the
British Transports.

3d The Transports shall be victualled from the Magazines of Quebec
in the same manner and with the same allowance, as if the
Troops were put on board the Ships of his most Christian Majesty.

N:B: Put Regulars & Canadians in the same Ships, that the latter may
not be tempted to run ashoar any where in the River.

5th The Inhabitants of Quebec & Montreal shall be totally disarmed,
and no Arms shall be used in any part of Canada, but by
the permission of the Commander in Chief of the British Troops.

4th The ~~French~~ Officers & Soldiers shall have their baggage & furniture,
but no Officer shall carry Merchandize out of the Colony,
(upon his own, or upon any other Persons account) nor any
more provision than is necessary for his voyage.

6th The Arms & Stores of every kind, Provisions, or Merchandize
that are actually in the Ships Magazines, or belong to the
Ships, in the City of Quebec & throughout the whole Colony,
shall be faithfully delivered over to the British Commissary
and if any Person shall presume to secrete any of these
things to his own use or profit, he shall be punished in
an exemplary manner.

7th If after the Capitulation, any excesses, or abuses are committed
by the Garrison of Quebec; if any of the Magazines or Stores
are plundered, or any sort of damage done, the Capitulation

LOT 119—*continued.*

the practical exclusion of the French from the whole of North America [? 1759], 4½ *pages, folio,* ENTIRELY IN GENERAL WOLFE'S HANDWRITING:

A Post at the Miramichi River and another up as high as St. Annes in the River St. Jeans will secure the valuable Colony of Nova, which from the fertility of its soil in many places, the Quantity of Fish upon the Coast, and the fine Harbours, cannot fail of succeeding and will in time be the Barrier of all our Colonies and their protection, but the Settlers must be in security... They must learn to live in the Woods as the Indians do, to keep 'em in a continual apprehencion of being attack'd to acquire a perfect knowledge of the Lakes and Rivers and Hunting Grounds of the Savages, instead of shutting themselves up in Forts and Block Houses... A Tenable Fort should be built at Halifax, and the Island within the Harbour, fortified... Old infirm officers are by no means fit for the protection of this Colony and for the never ceasing war that should be made upon the Indians, till they are totally exterminated... The American Rangers are for the most part Lazy cowardly People, the best men they get upon the Continent for that service are Irish Vagabonds and Convicts... If Canada is reduced and it is proposed to confine the French within their proper limits... it should be stipulated that no French ships are to trafick upon any part of the Coast of Acadia... that no settlement should be made upon any part of that Coast... that the French be not permitted to navigate the Lake Ontario, that the Fort of Frontenac nor any other French Fort be rebuilt upon that Lake, that they be totally excluded from all rights of drying Fish in any of the Bays or Harbours of Newfoundland, and lastly that they be not permitted upon any account whatever to establish themselves upon the Ohio... The Posts of Niagara, Fort de Quesne, Oswego, and Crown Point must be fortified and garrison'd, etc.

*** A MOST IMPORTANT AND INTERESTING PAPER.

120 GENERAL MONCKTON'S ORDERLY BOOK, AUGUST 4TH TO SEPTEMBER 20TH, 1759, 72 *pages, oblong 8vo, in the original pocket book form of binding, thin boards covered with marble paper*

*** This highly interesting and most important volume commences with a table giving a return of the strength of the forces in men and boats commanded by Major-Gen. Wolfe which sailed under convoy of Admiral Saunders' fleet, from Louisbourg on June 6th, 1759, for the conquest of Quebec. It continues with a day to day record, from Augst. 4th to Septr. 13th, of the orders issued by Generals Wolfe and Monckton from the camps at Montmorenci and Point Levi, and presumably those issued by General Townshend, who took command after the death of Wolfe and wounding of Monckton, from the Camp before Quebec, between Septr. 13th and 20th. The following extracts from the entries under date, Sept. 12th–14th, containing the orders issued immediately before and after the great victory, which decided the fate of Canada, form a good example of the contents of the whole volume:

Sutherland near St. Nicholas, 12 Sepr. 1759. The Enemy's Force is now divided—Great Scarcity of Provisions in their Camp and universal discontent among the Canadians. The 2d Officer in Command is gone to Montreal, or St. Johns wch gives reason to think that General Amherst is advancing into the Colony, a vigorous blow struck by the Army at this Juncture may determine the Fate of Canada, our troops below are in Readiness to join us, all the Light Artillery and Tools are embarked at the Point of Levi and the Troops will land where the French seem least to expect it. The first Body

LOT 120—*continued.*

that gets on Shore is to march directly to the Enemy and drive them from any Little Post they may occupy, the Officers must be careful that the succeeding Bodies do not by any mistake fire upon those that go on before them. The Battalions must form upon the upper Ground wth Expedition and to be ready to charge whatever presents itself, etc.

Camp before Quebec, 13 Sepr. Parole. — Counter Sign VICTORY. The Troops to remain under Arms this Night. Sept. 14th, Parole Wolfe. Countersign England. The General Officers remaining fit to act take the Earliest Opportunity to Express the praise wch is due to the Conduct and Bravery of the Troops and the Victory which attended it sufficiently proves the Superiority which this Army has over such Troops as they engaged yesterday. They wish that the Person who lately commanded them had survived so Glorious a day and had this day been able to give the Troops their just Encomiums. The Fatigue which the troops will be obliged to undergo to reap the advantage of this Victory will be Supported with a true Spirit, as this seems to be the period which will determine in all probability our American labours, etc.

121 ORDERLY BOOK, CAMP BEFORE QUEBEC, SEPT. 13TH TO OCTOBER 23RD, 1759, 72 *pages*, 8*vo*, *in the original limp leather cover*

*** Although the period of the orders contained in this volume overlaps that of the preceding one for the first eight days it forms a valuable companion to it carrying as it does the record over the events of the surrender and taking over of the City of Quebec, the measures taken for garrisoning it and protecting its inhabitants, the reorganization of the Army, and the appointment of Brig.-General Murray as Governor. The following is an extract of the entry on September 18th, the day the City capitulated:

Camp before Quebec, Sepr. 18th. Parole Glochester. Countersign Marlborough. The Capital of Canada having this day Surrendered to His Britanick Majestys Arms, upon terms Honourable to a Victorious Army, all Acts of violence, pillage, and cruelty are strictly forbid. The Garrison to have the Honours of War. The Inhabitants to lay down their Arms and are by the Capitulation intitled thereby to His Majestys protection. The Soldiers ought therefor to consider that Quebec belongs to His Britanick Majesty and not to the French King that it may be a Garrison to the Troops and must be preserved with that view, that its early submission even before a Gun was fired against it, has saved the Troops from much fatigue and perhaps illness. That the submission of the whole Colony on this occasion may depend upon the behaviour of the Soldiers, that our supplys this winter will be effect'd by it, it is consequently the highest Offence against the King's Service to infringe an order which by the Articles of War. After this warning no person can expect Mercy upon conviction before a Court Martial. THE FORM OF TAKING POSSESSION OF THE TOWN. The Gates to be taken possession of by Lieut.-Colonel Murray, and three Companys of Grenadiers, after which the hour to be appointed when the Army shall march in; 50 of the Artillery, Officers in proportion, one field piece with a lighted match, following them, will march to the Grand Parade followed by the Commanding Officer and his party sent to take possession, to whom all keys of Forts will be delivered, etc.

122 Quebec. Return of the Strength of the Army on the 13th of September at the Battle of Quebec [1759], 1 *sheet*, *folio*—Return of the Killed, Wounded and Missing on the 13th September at the Battle of Quebec [1759], 1 *sheet*, *large folio* (2)

123 Hancock (Thomas, *Merchant of Boston, N.E.*) Two L. s. *Boston, August* 14 *and* 24*th*, 1759, to General Wolfe, advising him of the sending of certain Stores and congratulating him on the successes at Ticonderoga, Niagara, and Crown Point. Also expressing the hope of hearing soon of the capture of Quebec, 2 *pages, folio, and enclosure* (3)

By the accot. we have of your Excellency's landing your troops safe and approaches to Quebec we Expect that you are in possession of that Stronghold, which God grant we may hear soon. I have my candles all ready to Light up for the joyful occasion.

124 Return of the Killed, Wounded and Missing during the Campaign of 1759, 1 *sheet, large folio, torn in the folds*—Return of the Killed, Wounded and Missing at the Attack of the Enemy's works, on the 31st of *July* [1759], 1 *sheet, large folio, signed by* Isaac Barré, *Dep. Adjt.-Gen.*—State of the Troops, *August* 24*th* [1759], 1 *sheet, folio, and duplicate, both signed by* Isaac Barré (4)

125 Copy of the Proposals for the Expedition to Quebec [1759], 2 *pages, folio*—Copy of the Orders issued by General Wolfe for the embarcation of the troops for the final attack on Quebec, "*Sutherland,*" *Septr.* 11*th* [1759], 4 *pages, 4to*—List of Commissions Granted Sept. 25th, 1759, $1\frac{1}{4}$ *pages, folio, signed by* Miles Prenties, *Provost Martial* (3)

126 Whitmore (*Brig.-Gen.* Edward) A. L. s. *Louisbourg, 2nd Sepr.* 1759, to His Excellency Major-Gen. Wolfe, in answer to a request for materials, and informing him of their despatch; also telling the news of the capture of Crown Point by General Amherst, 1 *page, folio*

127 Abstract of the Principal Articles for service of the Artillery for the Expedition up the River St. Lawrence under the command of Major-Gen. Wolfe [1759], 2 *pages, folio, signed by* William Saltonstall, *Commissary Royal Artillery* (*with photograph of first page*) — Gorham (*Captain* Joseph, *of the First Independent Co. of Rangers*) A. L. s. *Beaver Transport,* 19*th Aug.* 1759, to Major-Gen. Wolfe, with report of his proceedings at Mall Bay and Isle aux Condre and enclosing a signed Return of the different detachments sent under his command to St. Paul's Bay, 2 *pages, 4to, and enclosure*—Liddel (Henry, *of Boston*) A. L. s. *Boston, Augt.* 18, 1759, to Major-Gen. Wolfe, in reference to a consignment of Oxen for the use of the Army, 1 *page, 4to*—Return of the Marines at the Camp at Point Levi, *August* 27*th*, 1759, 1 *page 4to, signed by* Lieut.-Col. Hector Boiwond (6)

128 Lawrence (*Brig.-Gen.* Charles, *Governor of Nova Scotia*) L. s. *Halifax*, 30*th June*, 1759, to Major-Gen. Wolfe, informing him that he had sent away 150 French Inhabitants of Cape Sable,

LOT 128—*continued.*

leaving there only one family, whereby the Province had been nearly drained of Robbers and Murderers, and requesting a reinforcement to enable him to scour the country, $2\frac{1}{2}$ *pages, folio*—Extract of a letter from Major-Gen. Amherst to Brig.-Gen. Lawrence, *New York, 30th Mch.* 1759, asking him to send a detachment of Artillery to join the army at N. York, 1 *page, folio*—Copies of four letters from Major-Gen. Amherst to Governor Lawrence, *New York, March* 16–23*rd*, 1759, informing him that the troops intended for the Expedition against Quebec were to rendezvous at Cape Breton, and other matters respecting the preparations for the enterprise, $7\frac{3}{4}$ *pages, folio* (6)

129 Expedition against Quebec. Return of the amount of the Navy and American Provisions received from the several Transports for the use of His Majesty's Forces in this Garrison, issuing of which commenced *6th Sept.* 1759, *Quebec, Oct.* 29, 1759, 1 *sheet, folio, signed by* Daniel Wier, *Commissr. of Stores and Provisions*—Return of Waggoners Employed on the Expedition under General Wolfe, *Quebeck, Octr.* 24, 1759, 1 *sheet, folio, addressed to Brig.-Gen. Monckton and signed by Mattw. Leslie, Asst. Quartr.-Mastr. General, attached to which is an autograph letter signed by Leslie, relating to the transport for the expedition*, 1 *page, folio*—Return of the Provisions shipt on board the Transports for the use of the Troops under General Wolfe, sufficient to serve 10,000 men, *Louisbourg, May* 28, 1759, 1 *page, folio, signed by* James Goldfrap, *Agent for the Contractors*—Return of Provisions on board the European Transports with a calculation how long it will last 1000 men, *Augt.* 1759, *large folio sheet*; Stores, etc. delivered from the Ships, 1 *page, folio* (5)

130 Expedition against Quebec. A Proportion of Brass Ordinance, Howitzers, Mortars, Arms, Ammunition and Stores distributed on board the Storeships to be delivered to the order of Brigadier Gen. Wolfe, Pursuant to an order of the Board of Ordnance, dated 19*th Dec.* 1758, 15 *pages, folio, signed by Stillingfleet Durnford, Office of Works, Jany.* 31, 1759.—Proportion of Ordnance, Small Arms, and Stores to be sent to North America [1759], $9\frac{1}{4}$ *pages, folio.*—List of Engineers and Officers to act as Engineers on the Expedition against Quebeck [1759], $\frac{1}{2}$ *page, folio.*—Expenditure and Remain of Ammunition, *Camp at Point Levy*, 18 *August*, 1759, $1\frac{1}{2}$ *pages, folio, addressed to* General Wolfe, *and signed by* William Saltonstall and George Williamson.—Return of the Detachment of the Royal Regiment of Artillery, *Camp Pt. Levi, August* 27, 1759, 1 *sheet, folio, signed by* Alex. Jm. Scott, *Adjt. Rl. Artillery.*—Copy of General Amherst's directions for "an Hospital for the River St. Lawrence," 3 *pages, folio*; and two others (8)

131 Expedition against Quebec. Account of the Guns, Mortars, Ammunition, etc., found in the City of Quebeck upon its surrender, the 18th September, 1759, 1 *page, folio, signed by* Will. Saltonstall, *Commissary of Artillery.*—Return of French Iron Ordinance between the River St. Charles and Montmorenci, *Quebec,* 10*th October*, 1759, 1 *page*, 4*to, signed by* John Godwin, *Major Rl. Artillery.*—List of Rangers' Commissions, *September* 25-26*th* [1759], 1 *sheet, folio.*—Form of Commission used by General Monckton in filling up vacancies after his succeeding General Wolfe in the command of the army of Quebec [1759], 1 *sheet, folio.*—Copy of General Monckton's order to Major Mackellar, Sub-director of Engineers, to remain at Quebec and carry on such works necessary for its defence, with the names of the Officers to act under him, 1 *page, folio* (5)

132 Expedition against Quebec. Account of Artillery, Ammunition, Stores and Utensils, distinguishing what is found in the Garrison of Quebeck from the Proportion ordered to be left as an augmentation from the Fleet, etc., By Order of Gen. Monckton, *Quebeck, September*, 1759, 19 *pages, folio, signed by* George Williamson.—Copy of a Contract made between the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, and Messrs. Baker, Kilby & Baker of London, for victualling the forces in North America, 1756, For his Excellency General Wolfe, 6 *pages, folio.*—Contemporary copy of a Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing in the Action of April 28, 1760, between Brig. Gen. Murray and the Chevalier de Levis, outside Quebec, 1 *large sheet, folio.*—An Imperfect Description of the French Settlements on the River St. Lawrence as high as Montreal, $2\frac{1}{2}$ *pages, folio* (4)

133 Capitulation of Quebec. A Copy of ye Capitulation of Quebeck as it was settled S^{ber} ye 18th, 1759, made for General Monckton, 3 *pages, folio*

134 Quebec. Report of the State of the Fortifications, *Quebec,* 20*th October*, 1759, 8 *pages, folio.*—Scott (*Major* G. W.) Report of a Tour to the South Shore of the River St. Lawrence, *Sept.* 19*th*, 1759, $2\frac{1}{2}$ *pages, folio.*—Report of the Hulks and Bridges on Charles River, 1 *page*, 4*to, signed by* Richd. Gridley (3)

135 Quebec. The Order in which the three divisions (Red, White and Blue) of Transports sailed up the River St. Lawrence, 3 *large folio sheets*

136 Saunders (*Admiral Sir* Charles, *Commander of the Fleet before Quebec*) A. L. s. and L. s. "Stirling Castle," *July* 25 *and* 30, *Aug.* 4, *Sept.* 28, *Oct.* 9, 1759, to Brig.-Gen. Monckton, principally in relation to the movement of troops by the boats of the Fleet, 4*to and folio.*—Account of Money received from Admiral Saunders with Brig. Murray's receipt for same, 4*to and folio* (7)

137 Townshend (*Brigadier General* George) A. L. s. *Camp before Quebec, Sept.* 14, 18, 19 (2), *and* 23*rd*, 1759, to Brig. General Monckton, subsequent to the Battle on the Plains of Abraham, referring to the Capitulation, the filling up of Commissions, apologising for signing the Articles of Capitulation, and asking leave to return to England, 4*to and* 8*vo* (5)

*** Brig. General Townshend succeeded to the command of the army after the death of Wolfe and wounding of Monckton. Evidently friction arose upon his taking upon himself to sign the terms of capitulation, for in one of the letters, dated Sept. 19th, he writes as follows :—

> Come, I beseech you, into Town, and take ye Command upon you if possible. The publick service upon my Honour requires much. Tell me where my charge is, that I may report to you regularly. Let me encamp at ye extremity of ye line. Brigade me, if possible, once more, and give me some station or other. This I beg of you for my own Peace, for my own sake, and ye publick service. I apprehend it is in town we are to meet, and shall be there accordingly. I wish ye Admiral had hinted his opinion before I had signed ye Capitulation, had I apprehended ye least that it did not belong to me, I had been perish'd before I had done it. I assure ye last thing I desire to command is a British Army. Send us ye Provost, or we shall be ungovernable.

138 Townshend (*Brig. General* George) Signed Paper submitted to General Monckton, *Quebeck, Sept.* 25 [1759], suggesting a detachment of 600-800 men to be cantoned on the South shore of the River St. Lawrence to aid General Amherst's operations, and for covering the transport of wood and provisions for the garrison of Quebec, 1¼ *pages, folio, entirely in the handwriting of Gen. Townshend.*—Intelligence from General Townshend respecting the positions occupied by three Divisions of the French Army, *unsigned and undated*, 1 *page, sm.* 4*to* (2)

139 Levis (Chevalier de) Plan de les operations de la Campagne de 1759, trouves dans les papiers de Mr. De Senezergues, *Quebec, le* 10 *Juin*, 1759, 5 *pages, folio (copy).*—General Monckton's Declaration (in French) to the Canadians, *Quebec, Sept.* 22, 1759, *with seal and signature*, 1 *page, large folio.*—Nine petitioning letters to General Monckton from various inhabitants of the City of Quebec, *September and October*, 1759, 4*to* (11)

140 An important collection of letters witten during the latter part of 1759, from the Marquis de Vaudreuil, Mons. Bigot, Chevalier de Levis, Mons. de Bougainville, Chevalier de Boucherville, and others, to General Monckton, respecting the charge made against the English of a breach of the Agreement for the exchange of prisoners ; together with Extracts of Correspondence between General Amherst and the Marquis de Vaudreuil and Chevalier de Levis in June 1760, on the same subject ; also General Monckton's signed answer to the charge, dated *New York, March* 1*st*, 1761 (27)

141 Vaudreuil (Pierre Rigaud Marquis de, *Governor of Canada*) L. s. [*?Quebec or Montreal*], *De notre Quartier Général, Juillet 25th, Août 2nd and 5th*, 1759, to General Wolfe, in relation to the conduct of the Savages, the exchange of prisoners, and informing him that he had rescued Captain Ochterlony, of the Royal Americans, from the hands of the Indians, 14 *pages, folio* (3)

142 Vaudreuil (Pierre Rigaud, Marquis de, Governor of Canada) Orders given to the Chevalier De Lery, Captain of a Company of Marines, and Commandant of the Southern Coast of the River St. Lawrence, to depart immediately from Quebec for the Isle du Portage for the purpose of taking defensive measures against an attack on the City by the English coming by sea, *Montreal, May 4th*, 1759, 3½ *pages, folio, signed by the* Marquis de Vaudreuil. A highly important document.

143 An important collection of 33 Letters, addressed from Quebec and the Army Encampment at Beaufort, by the Marquis de Vaudreuil, Governor of Canada, between May 4th and August 28th, 1759, to Mons De Lery, Chevalier of the Order of St. Louis, Captain of Infantry, and Commandant of the Southern Coast of the River of St. Lawrence, principally in relation to military matters and the attack by the English upon the City of Quebec, 4*to* (33)

*** These most interesting and important letters fell into the hands of General Monckton when, by order of General Wolfe, he drove the French from the Pointe de Levie and established his own camp there. The preceding and two following lots probably also came into his possession at the same time.

144 Lery (Mons. de, Chevalier of the Order of St. Louis, Captain of Infantry, and Commandant of the Southern Coast of the River St. Lawrence) Journal kept from May 15th to July 6th, 1759, recording the measures taken by him against an attack by the English, the events which occurred during the above period, and the movements of the English as reported to him by the officers commanding posts lower down the river, 26 *pages, oblong* 8*vo*

145 Bigot (Mons. *le Intendent*) Four L. s., *Quebec, May* 26, *June* 8, 16 *and* 20, 1759, to Mons. De Lery, 4 *pages*, 4*to*.—Ramezay (Mons. de, *Commandant at Quebec*) Two L. s., *Quebec, May* 24 *and* 29, 1759, to Mons. De Lery, 2 *pages*, 4*to* (6)

146 Proposals for a parley made to Admiral Saunders and General Wolfe, by the Chevalier Le Mercier, Commandant of the Artillery in Canada, acting under the orders of the Marquis de Vaudreuil, *July* 24, 1759, 2 *pages, folio*; and another (2)

147 Rélation du Siège de Quebec, Posé par les Angloises en l'année 1759, *written contemporaneously in a neat hand by an anonymous French writer*, $10\frac{1}{4}$ *pages*, 4*to*

*** This Relation covers the period from May 22nd, when the English expedition arrived in the River St. Lawrence, until the 4th of September, at which date it comes to an abrupt termination. The writer was probably an eye-witness of the events he records.

148 Journal of the Siege of Quebec, 1759. Closely written by an unknown contemporary French writer on 56 pages of folio paper, divided into two parts; together with a modern translation into English, and Notes on the same (3)

*** This important Journal was, in all probability, written by a French officer or official. It commences on May 1st, 1759, when the reports of the preparations being made by the English for the invasion and conquest of Canada first reached the ears of the Marquis de Vaudreuil at Montreal. It continues through the period of preparation to resist the invaders and the duration of the siege, finishing on the tenth of September, three days before the final victory. According to a pencil memorandum inside the cover of the book of "Notes," which accompanies the Translation, the latter was made in 1834, for the purpose of presenting a copy to King William the Fourth.

149 Accounts relating to the proceedings of Brigadier-General Monckton as Commander-in-Chief in the Southern Provinces in North America, 1760-61, *a bundle*

*** These papers include the Accounts of pay for the Additional Staff of the Army; the Artificers employed on the works at Pittsburgh, Venango, and Presque Isle; returns of provisions sent to Presque Isle; Forage Money for the Staff; public expenses at Forts Pitt and Bedford, Major Horatio Gates' account for the Quarter-Master General's department, accounts for horses, forage, etc.

150 Personal Accounts of General Monckton at different periods of his service between 1742 and 1779. — General Monckton's Army Clothing Accounts, 1760-66, etc., *a bundle*

151 Nova Scotia. A Journal giving an account of the Province prior to the arrival of Governor Cornwallis in 1749, and the events following to August 9th, 1750, 16 *pages*, 4*to*, *unsigned and undated* [? 1750].—Lieut. Thornton's treatise on the proceedings to be taken by a party of military, such as he commanded, upon being sent out from Fort Lawrence after the recommencement of hostilities by the St. John's Indians [*c.* 1760], 7 *pages*, 4*to*.—A. L. from the Bishop of Quebec to Mons. Chauvieule, missionary in Nova Scotia, 6*th Mars*, 1755, $1\frac{1}{2}$ *pages*, 4*to*.—Deed of Conveyance to Col. Monckton of a piece of land and some buildings in the

LOT 151—*continued.*
South Suburb of Halifax, executed by Mrs. Dorcas Trigg, *June 14th*, 1756, $1\frac{1}{4}$ *pages, folio, with signatures, including that of Gov. Charles Lawrence* (4)

152 Vaudreuil (Le Marquis de, *Governor of Canada*) L. s., *Quebec, Juillet 5e*, 1755, to some person not designated, $1\frac{1}{4}$ *pages*, 4*to.*— St. Laurent (Le Chevalier de) A. L. s., 21 *Juin*, 1755, 1 *page*, 4*to.*— An Account of Louisiana [*c.* 1750], $1\frac{1}{2}$ *pages, folio, in French* (3)

153 Robeaud (Mons. l'Abbé, *Jesuit Missionary in Canada*) Mémoire sur les Messieurs de St. Sulpice du Canada, $14\frac{1}{4}$ *pages*, 4*to.* — Mémoire sur les Messieurs des Missions estrangères du Canada, 11 *pages*, 4*to.*—Draft of a letter to the King of England expressing loyalty, and suplicating his consideration towards the two above-mentioned orders, *all three pieces c.* 1765

*** Robeaud was a Jesuit Missionary who, after the conquest of Canada, renounced his orders, abjured his faith, and went over to the English.

154 Monckton (General Robert) Five A. L. s., *New York, Nov.* 29, 1762, *January* 29, *April* 11 *and* 23, *May* 12, 1763, to his brother Major, afterwards Lt.-Col. John Monckton, expressing his desire for his advancement in rank, and other matters of a family nature, 4*to.* —Draft of a letter from Gen. Monckton to Sir Jeffery Amherst, *Grosvenor Square, Aug.* 12, 1763, informing him of his arrival in England and discussing American affairs, 3 *pages, folio.*—Pownall (*Governor* Thomas) L. s., *Boston, Augst.* 28, 1759, to Major-Genl. Wolfe, enclosing a petition from Mrs. Jemima How, dated *Hatfield, August* 14, 1759, praying him to endeavour to procure the release of her daughters captured by the Indians and taken to Canada, $\frac{1}{2}$ *page*, 4*to, and petition*, 1 *page*, 4*to* ; and six others (13)

155 American Newspapers, etc. New York Gazette, *Jan.* 21, 1760 ; Boston News Letter, *April* 8, 1762 (including an announcement relating to the seizure of tea in Boston harbour) ; Pennsylvania Gazette, *May* 6, 1762 ; London Gazette Extraordinary, *Nov.* 4 *and Dec.* 30, 1776, *January* 22, 1777 ; The Siege of Martinico : a poem [*London*, 1762], *broadside, folio* ; and four others (*two imperfect*) (12)

156 Smirke (Robert) Review of a Battalion of Infantry, 1799, *plates, boards* (*broken*).—Army List for 1772, *unbound and uncut.*— Napier (Robert, *Adj.-Gen.*) Manual Exercise for a Battalion of Infantry [*MS., c.* 1770], *blue paper wrappers.*—General Returns of Names, Service, etc., of ye officers of Col. Peregrine Lascelles' Regiment of Foot, for the years 1753, 1754 and 1757, *MSS., four large folio sheets* (4)

157 Monckton (*Lieut.-General* Robert) Letters and Papers relating to Lieut.-Gen. Robert Monckton, mostly copied from the originals in the British Museum and Public Record Office for Mr. Horace W. Monckton, *Sept.* 22, 1887, *MSS.*, 302 *pages*, 4*to*, *half buckram.* —Journal of the Siege of Quebec, 1759, *London*, 1759, *reprinted* Stamford, Lincs., 1912 (2 *copies*) (3)

158 Letters and Papers addressed to General Monckton from relatives and friends relating to personal and family matters, military affairs, etc., *a bundle, enclosed in a handsomely tooled eighteenth century red morocco cover*, *large* 4*to*

159 American Revolution. Sketch of the Action between the British Forces and the American Provincials on the heights of Charlestown, 1775.—De Costa: Plan of the Town and Harbour of Boston, 1775.—Seat of War in New England, with the attack on Bunkers Hill, 1775.—Plan of Boston and its Environs, showing the situation of His Majesty's Army and of the Rebels, 1775 (2 *copies*) (5)

160 American Revolution. Attack and Defeat of the American Fleet upon Lake Champlain, 1776.—Plan of the operations of General Washington against the King's Troops in New Jersey, 1777.—Topographical Map of the North Part of New York Island, 1777. —Seat of Action between the British and American forces on Long Island, 1776.—Plan of the operations of the King's Army in New York and East New Jersey, 1777 (5)

161 American Revolution. Plan of the Attack of Fort Sullivan, the Key of Charlestown, in South Carolina, 1776, *with printed description of the attack printed in four columns below the plan.*—Gascoigne (*Capt.* John) Plan of Port Royal in South Carolina, 1776.—Theatre of the War in North America, 1776, with "A Compendious Account of the British Colonies in North America," *printed in three columns below the plan.*—Plan of the City and Environs of Philadelphia, 1777; and four others (*two not American*) (8)

162 Canada. Carte des Nouvelles de Couvertes dans L'ouest du Canada [*c.* 1740], *MS.*—Carte du détroit de Belisle Levée par G. Pelegrin en 1735, *MS.* (2)

EXPEDITION TO THE WEST INDIES.

163 Account of Martinique, 54½ *pages*, 4*to* [1762].—Reflections on the true Interest of Great Britain with respect to the Caribbee Islands; as well the Old Settlements as the Neutral Islands, and the conquests. In which the Importance of Martinico is particularly consider'd. By a Planter at Barbados, 1762, 20 *pages*, *folio* (2)

164 Papers relating to the preparations for the Expedition, including General Amherst's instructions to Lord Rollo on appointing him to the command of troops sent to Dominica, dated *New York, April* 25, 1761.—Proportion of Guns, Mortars, Ammunition, etc. for service of the Expedition in 1761, signed by Will. Saltonstall, *Commissary Royal Artillery.*—Embarcation Returns.—Account of Provisions shipped from New York, *April*, 1761.—Tools for the Expedition.—Copies of Letters and Orders from General Amherst to Lord Rollo, Major Moneypenny, Captain Campbell, Colonel Grant, Govr. Dalrymple, Sir James Douglas, Lord Colvill, and others.—List of the Royal Artillery for the Expedition, 1761. —List of the Transports.—Return of the Troops for the Expedition ; Engineers, etc. *a bundle*

165 Account of the state of the Island of Grenada, 24*th March*, 1762.— List of Officers of the Grenades.—Accounts rendered by the Islands of Nevis, Antigua, Monserrat, and St. Christophers for the hire of Negroes to serve on the Expedition against Martinique, 1762.—General Account of Bounty Money, pay to Troops, hire of Negroes, and other expenses incurred by the Islands of Barbadoes, Antigua, and St. Christopher for the Expedition, 1762 *a bundle*

166 Letters and Papers relating to the defence of Mons. Nadau, Governor of Guadaloupe, with a copy of the Official Declaration in his favour made by General Monckton, Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's forces in the West Indies ; also Letters and Memorials from Mons. le Vassor de Longpré, Commander at Dominique, and M. Jacques Fourniol, merchant of St. Pierre, Martinique, about the confiscation of their Slaves, 1762-63 *a bundle*

167 Copies of Letters from General Monckton to the Earl of Egremont, Charles Townshend, *Secretary for War*, the Lords of the Treasury, and the Paymaster-General, all dated from Antigua and Martinique during April and May, 1762, and referring to the Expedition under the command of the Earl of Albemarle *folio.* (11)

168 Monckton (*General* Robert) A. L. s. *St. Peters, Martinique, Feby.* 28, *March* 18, and *Antigua, May* 26, 1762, to his brother Major Jack Monckton, principally in relation to his promotion, and informing him of his departure for New York (3)

169 Albemarle (George Keppel, *third Earl of*) A. L. s., *Barbadoes, April* 21, 1762, to General Monckton, congratulating him on the capture of Martinique, and in anticipation of the failure of a supply of Slaves from Jamaica, requesting that a number of blacks be sent from Martinique, 2 *pages, folio.*—A List of Promotions in the Army given out in Publick Orders, the Staff and Civil Officers, appointed by General Monckton, 1762, 6 *pages, folio* (2)

170 General Monckton's signed Manifesto to the Inhabitants of Martinique, *Fort Royal, January* 25, 1762 (*in French*).—Letters from the Inhabitants, *Martinique, January 29th and 31st*, 1762, *with many signatures, and copies of the replies of Gen. Monckton and Admiral Rodney.*—Letter from the Inhabitants, *Martinique, Feby.* 2, 1762, *with many signatures, and a draft of Monckton's reply in his own handwriting*; all in relation to the capitulation of the Island (7)

171 Intercepted Letters from the French Inhabitants of Martinique to General Monckton; and others, 4*to and folio*, 1761-68 (23)

172 Articles de la Capitulation de la Citadelle du Fort Royal de l'Isle Martinique, du 4^{e} Fevrier, 1762, 4 *pages, folio*, signed by Admiral Rodney, General Monckton, and Mons. de Liguery, the French Commandant, *with counterpart signed by Rodney and Monckton.*—Capitulation que demandant les Habitants de Martinique, 10 *pages, folio*, signed by Admiral Rodney, General Monckton and five representatives of the Inhabitants of the Island; and a copy of same (4)

173 Articles of the Capitulation of the Island of Martinique entered into between Mons. Le Vassor De La Touche, Commandant General of the Island, and Admiral Rodney and General Monckton commanding the English Forces, 10 *pages, large folio*, signed by Admiral Rodney, General Monckton, and Mons. De La Touche, à la Martinique, le 13 Fevrier, 1762, *with the answers in English in the left hand margins*, A HIGHLY IMPORTANT DOCUMENT

174 Explanations of certain points in the Articles of Capitulation demanded by Mons. De La Touche, 4 *pages, folio.*—Translation into French of the Answers to the Articles demanded, 4½ *pages, folio.*—Très humbles et très Respectueuses Remonstrances faites au Roy par son Conseil Superieur de la Martinique [1762], 2 *pages, folio.*—Copy of the "Memoire du Conseil Superieur de la Martinique sur les objets Enoncés dans ses très humbles et très Respectueus Remonstrance a sa Majeste," *May* 22, 1762, 12 *pages, folio, with Remarks in English in the left hand margins* (4)

175 Vassor De La Touche (Mons. Louis Charles Le, *Commandant General of the Island of Martinique*) L. s. *Martinique, February and March*, 1762, to General Monckton and Admiral Rodney, in reference to the capitulation, 4*to and folio.*—Mons. De La Touche's orders to Mons. De Thomaseene, *Fort Royal, Jan.* 2, 1762, with reference to the defence of St. Pierre, *one sheet, folio, with printed heading*; and two others (7)

176 Terms granted to the French Troops on Pidgeon Island, *Feb'y.* 7, 1762, 1 *page, 4to,* signed by General Monckton and Mons. Boissieu, *Commandant of the Island.*—General Monckton's signed Manifesto to the Inhabitants of St. Pierre and other islands, *Feb.* 1762, 2 *pages, folio.*—Signed Letter from the Commandant of Pidgeon Island to General Monckton [*Feby.* 1762], in reference to the Surrender ; and two others (5)

177 Mémoire présenté par le Conseil Supérieur de la Martinique, à son Excellence Monsieur Robert Monckton, major general, & Commandant en chef, gouverneur & Capitaine général de la nouvelle York, &c. Contenant les Articles qu'il estime nécessaires pour le gouvernement civil, la police intérieure de l'Isle & le maintien du bon ordre, *March 3rd,* 1762, 6 *pages, folio, with the signatures of* 14 *members of the Council.*—Memorial of the Supreme Council of Martinique to General Monckton regarding the Articles of Capitulation which require explanation, *March* 15, 1762, 5½ *pages, folio* [*in French*], *with the signatures of* 17 *members of the Council* (2)

178 Mémoire concernant les droits du Domaine du Roi, et le nombre depréposés dans les différens bureaux pour leur perçeption, *St. Pierre de la Martinique,* 24 *Fevrier,* 1762, 7 *pages, folio.*—Liste de Messieurs les Officiers qui composent le Conseil Supérieur de la Martinique, *March* 2, 1762, *one page, folio, certified a true copy* ; and one other (3)

179 Regulations respecting the conduct of the Transports and disembarcation of the Troops, 16 *pages, folio, with numerous MS. additions.* —Rules to be observed by that part of His Majesty's Fleet under the Command of Rear-Admiral Rodney in landing and re-embarking the Troops, 6 *leaves, folio, with numerous MS. additions* [? *both pieces printed either at Jamaica or Barbadoes in* 1762] (2)

---

180 Monckton's (*Honourable* Robert) Orderly Books covering his service, first as an Ensign and later as Captain, during the campaigns in Flanders and the Netherlands, from May 26 to November 2, 1742, and from April 16 to December 20, 1745, 5 vol. (*numbered* 1-5), *original vellum* ; and another (6)

END OF SALE.

London: J. Davy & Sons, 8 & 9, Frith Street, W. 1.